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## Foreword

This document is the Publicly Available Specification (PAS) of the TETRAPOL land mobile radio system, which shall provide digital narrow band voice, messaging, and data services. Its main objective is to provide specifications dedicated to the more demanding PMR segment: the public safety. These specifications are also applicable to most PMR networks.

This PAS is a multipart document which consists of:

Part 1	General Network Design
Part 2	Radio Air interface
Part 3	Air Interface Protocol
Part 4	Gateway to X.400 MTA
<b>Part 5</b>	<b>Interface to dispatch centre</b>
Part 6	Line Connected Terminal interface
Part 7	Codec
Part 8	Radio conformance tests
Part 9	Air interface protocol conformance tests
Part 10	Inter System Interface
Part 11	Gateway to PABX, ISDN, PDN
Part 12	Network Management Centre interface
Part 13	User Data Terminal to System Terminal interface
Part 14	System Simulator
Part 15	Gateway to External Data Terminal
Part 16	Security
Part 18	Base station to Radio switch interface
Part 19	Stand Alone Dispatch Position interface

## 2. Scope

The TETRAPOL R6 interface to a dispatch centre is a network-to-network interface between one TETRAPOL switching and management infrastructure (SwMI) and one dispatch centre (DC).

R6 interface is split between R6-I1 route with its voice channels and its circuit related protocol at network layer, and R6-I3 route and its associated service control protocol at applicative layer, that complements the operations over R6-I1 between the SwMI and the dispatch centre.

The service control messages of the R6-I3 interface are described in this document and shall provide:

- Local control of the R6-I3 interface
- Circuit control of the AG of the R6 interface
- System monitoring for group communications
- Call control to access voice services
- Data services
- Call advertising of group communications
- Voice traffic signalling

These flows of information are described in part 5-4 of the DC interface.

This document corresponds to sub-part 5.5 of the TETRAPOL interface to a dispatch centre, which is divided into five sub-parts:

- Part 5.1 Technical requirements;
- Part 5.2 Speech control protocol design on digital support
- Part 5.3 Speech related protocol design for R6-I1 analog interface
- Part 5.4 Service control protocol design for R6 interface
- Part 5.5 Service control messages for R6-I3 interface

This sub-part specifies the message structures for the service control protocol described in PAS 0001-5-4 [7] between the dispatch access controller (DAC) functional entity of a TETRAPOL SwMI and the dispatch control server (DCS) functional entity of a dispatch centre.

## 3. Normative references

This PAS incorporates by dated and undated reference, provisions from other publications. These normative references are cited at the appropriate places in the text and the publications are listed hereafter.

- |     |   |
|-----|---|
| [1] | PAS 0001-1-1: "TETRAPOL Specifications; General Network Design; Reference Model".   |
| [2] | PAS 0001-5-1: "TETRAPOL Specifications; Interface to dispatch centre; Technical requirements specifications."             |
| [3] | PAS 0001-5-2: "TETRAPOL Specifications; Interface to dispatch centre; Speech Control Protocol Design on digital support". |
| [4] | PAS 0001-12: "TETRAPOL Specifications; Network management centre interface"   |
| [5] | PAS 0001-3: "TETRAPOL Specifications; Air Interface Applicative protocol"   |
| [6] | ITU-T Recommendation Q.120x series.   |
| [7] | PAS 0001-5-4: "TETRAPOL Specifications; Interface to dispatch centre; Service control protocol design".                   |



## 4. Definitions, symbols and abbreviations

### 4.1 Definitions

The following definitions apply:

**Access gate (AG):** Functional entity in the TETRAPOL SwMI, radio connected or line connected, that supplies voice and signalling facilities to the dispatch center.

**Access handler (AH):** Functional entity in the TETRAPOL SwMI, regrouping a set of trunks that belong to the same line connected or radio connected "base station" of the dispatch centre.

**Base station (BS):** Interface unit containing a set of radio transmitters/receivers providing access to communications with radio terminals.

**Dispatch Access Controller (DAC):** Functional entity within the TETRAPOL system that acts as Service Control Point (SCP) in ITU-T Recommendation Q.120x series [6] for the dispatch centre.

**Dispatch Centre (DC):** The dispatch centre shall include a dispatch control server (DCS) and a dispatch position switch (DPS) which connects a number of dispatch positions (DPs) to the TETRAPOL network. The dispatch centre provides the dispatchers from one or several DC-organizations with incoming and outgoing TETRAPOL voice services and system. it may supply call center facilities, e.g. call automatic call distribution, that are however out of the scope of the TETRAPOL system.

**Dispatch control server (DCS):** Functional entity within the dispatch centre that carries control signalling and interface related information between the DAC and the DC.

**Dispatch Position Switch (DPS):** Call control functional entity within the dispatch centre that supports voice calls over the R6-I1 interface to the TETRAPOL SwMI.

**Dispatch Position (DP):** Work position connected to the DPS and the DCS where the dispatchers operate.

**Dispatcher:** A subscriber of the dispatch centre that uses a dispatch position..

**ICS proforma:** A document, in the form of a questionnaire, which when completed for an implementation or system becomes an ICS.

**Implementation Conformance Statement (ICS):** A statement made by the supplier of an implementation or system claimed to conform to a given specification, stating which capabilities have been implemented. The ICS can take several forms: protocol ICS, profile ICS, profile specific ICS, information object ICS, etc.

**Incoming call:** Call from SwMI to DC

**Line access base station:** Interface unit connecting several lines connected terminals to a radio switch.

**Talkgroup:** Group communication involving group members over a coverage defined with a set of cells

**Operational group:** Group of subscribers that share a certain right to participate in a group communication.

**DC-Organization:** A DC-organization consists of a set of trunks. The DC-organization serves for administrative purposes in the dispatch center.

**Outgoing call:** Call from DC to SwMI

**Protocol ICS (PICS):** An ICS for an implementation or system claimed to conform to a given protocol specification.

**Supplementary Service:** Service which modifies or supplements a bearer service or a teleservice. A supplementary service cannot be offered as a stand alone service. It should be offered in combination with a bearer service or a teleservice.

**System Terminal:** Service access reference point provided to the user by the system. System terminals (STs) are radio terminals (RTs), line connected terminals (LCTs).

**System:** The TETRAPOL system is composed of the large area fixed infrastructure (SwMI) called network and of the system terminals allowing user access to the available services.

**Switching and Management Infrastructure (SwMI):** The SwMI shall be a subsystem of the TETRAPOL network. It includes two subsystems: the base station (BS and LABS) and the radioswitch network (the radioswitch or RSW may include one or several switches organised or not with several hierarchical levels, as a manufacturer option). The SwMI also includes one or several DAC, the operation and maintenance centre (OMC) and the key management centre (KMC). OMC and KMC are outside the scope of the present specification.

**Stand Alone Dispatch Position (SADP):** The stand alone dispatch position shall be an isolated dispatcher position providing dispatching and management functions to one dispatcher at a time. Neither switching capability nor interworking with external networks are considered in the SADP equipment.

**Trunk:** A set of access gates. All AG of a trunk belongs to the same DC-organization and to the same AH. All Ag of one trunk support the same type of communication.

## 4.2 Symbols

Not applicable.

## 4.3 Abbreviations

The abbreviations from document PAS 0001-5-1 [2] apply, including the following abbreviations:

AG	Access gate at SwMI side of the R6-I1 interface
BS	Base station
COV	Coverage of a group communication
DAC	Dispatch access control functional entity in the SwMI
DC	Dispatch centre
DCS	Dispatch centre server functional entity in the DC
DPS	Dispatch position switch functional entity in the DC
ICS	Implementation Conformance Statement
IUT	Implementation Under Test
IE	Information Element in a message
LABS	Line access base station
PDU	Protocol data unit
PICS	Protocol implementation conformance statement
PTT	Push-to-talk
R6	Reference point for the TETRAPOL SwMI-Dispatch centre interface
RN	Regional network of the SwMI
RSW	Radio switch
SCF	Service control functional entity
SDU	Service data unit
SCS	System Conformance Statement
SNMP	Simple Network Management Protocol
SUT	System Under Test
ST	System Terminal
SwMI	TETRAPOL Switching and management infrastructure

## 5. Message coding requirements

### 5.1 Coding rules

The encoding rules that apply over R6-I3 interface require octet-bounded information elements.

The objective of the coding rules is that the direct octet-encoding of the messages be handled without any ambiguity between DAC and DCS on heterogeneous platforms.

The encoding rules shall take into account:

- no data structure alignment: flat encoding with no nested structures;
- no stuffing octet: octet boundary.

The following items shall be provided with the following conventions:

- field coding order in a transmitted message, being the same sequence order as downwards read in the tables;
- octet coding in a field of a message is big endian coding.

Should some messages contain fields (octets or bits) which are not always used or significant in all contexts, then the unused parts shall be set to zero, unless otherwise stated (in that case a non-significant value is defined: NSIG\_XXX)

### 5.2 TCP connexion

The DCS is a TCP client, and the DAC a TCP server.

When the DAC starts, it creates one server socket with the service name "MC9600-DAC", that supports the dialog with the DCS.

It then waits for a connection from the client.

Once the connection is established, DAC-DCS messages can be exchanged.

### 5.3 Framing

TCP is a transport level protocol that knows data flow. The framing of this data flow, allowing the notion of message is made as follow:

version	reserved	Packet length	TPDU
1 byte	1 byte	2 bytes	variable length

**version:** version number of the packet protocol: 0x01

**reserved:** reserved for future use: 0x00

**Packet length:** big-endian coded.

### 5.4 Compatibility rules

For evolutions of the protocol, new fields can be added at the end of messages. The position and size of existing fields is not changed between versions. Thus, to be upward compatible, the DAC and the DCS must accept message even if the size of the message is bigger than the one expected.

This version of the document describes version 3 of the protocol. An upward compatibility with version 1 and 2 is assumed.

## 5.5 Local control

### 5.5.1 DAC\_CONFIGURATION\_IND

**Direction:** DAC ⇔ DCS

**Short description:** This PDU shall indicate the operational configuration of R6 interface. The semantics of the message is as follows: “here is the list of objects (object type, number of objects, list\_of\_object\_attribute) that report to the designated sort (sort\_class, sort\_identifier) ”.

This message is either sent as an answer to a DCS\_CONFIGURATION\_REQ query or sent spontaneously by the DAC (when an attribute of an object changes).

When the DAC spontaneously sends DAC\_CONFIGURATION\_IND, the following parameter values should be used by the DAC.

Sort\_Class = NSIG\_CLASS,

Sort\_Identifier = NSIG\_ID,

Object\_class = the class of the object.

When the DAC sends DAC\_CONFIGURATION\_IND as an answer to a query with DCS\_CONFIGURATION\_REQ, the following parameter values should be used

Sort\_Class = the class of the criterion for building the list of objects,

Sort\_Identifier = Identifier of the criterion for building the list of objects,

Object\_class = class of the objects from the list.

When the DAC sends DAC\_CONFIGURATION\_IND for its own attributes (NSIG\_CLASS, NSIG\_ID, DAC\_CLASS) should be used.

**Table 1: DAC\_CONFIGURATION\_IND**

Information element	Length	comment
Codop	2	
Sort_class	1	list sorted per sort_class
Sort_identifier	ID_LENGTH	
Object_class	1	class of objects sorted
Number_of_elements	1	number of objects
object_configuration_attribute	variable: depending on the object_class	configuration object attribute
...	...	...
object_configuration_attribute	variable: depending on the object_class	configuration object attribute

#### Information element description:

In this version of the interface, the following values are supported :

- Spontaneous messages (when attributes change):

(NSIG\_CLASS, NSIG\_ID, DAC\_CLASS, 1, DAC attributes): the DAC sends its own attributes (note that the attributes of the DAC contains its ID)

(NSIG\_CLASS, NSIG\_ID, ORG\_CLASS, 1, ORG attributes): the DAC sends the attributes of an organisation (note that the attributes of the DC\_organization contains its ID)

(NSIG\_CLASS, NSIG\_ID, TRUNK\_CLASS, 1, TRUNK attributes): the DAC sends the attributes of a Trunk (note that the attributes of the trunk contains its ID)

(NSIG\_CLASS, NSIG\_ID, AG\_CLASS, 1, AG attributes): the DAC sends the attributes of an AG (note that the attributes of the AG contains its ID)

(NSIG\_CLASS, NSIG\_ID, AH\_CLASS, 1, AH attributes): the DAC sends the attributes of a cell (note that the attributes of the CELL contains its ID)

- Messages in answer to a query :

(NSIG\_CLASS, NSIG\_ID, DAC\_CLASS, 1, DAC attributes): the DAC sends its own attributes (note that the attributes of the DAC contains its ID) in answer to DCS\_CONFIGURATION\_REQ(NSIG\_CLASS, NSIG\_ID, DAC\_CLASS).

(DAC\_CLASS, DAC\_id, ORG\_CLASS, nb of org, ORG attributes): provides the list and attributes of the DC\_organizations of the DAC, in answer to DCS\_CONFIGURATION\_REQ(DAC\_CLASS, DAC\_ID, ORG\_CLASS).

(ORG\_CLASS, ORG\_id, TRUNK\_CLASS, nb of trunks, Trunk attributes): provides the list and attributes of the trunks of an DC\_organization. in answer to DCS\_CONFIGURATION\_REQ(ORG\_CLASS, ORG\_ID, TRUNK\_CLASS).

(TRUNK\_CLASS, Trunk\_id, AG\_CLASS, nb of AG, AG attributes): provides the list and attributes of the AG of a TRUNK. In answer to DCS\_CONFIGURATION\_REQ (TRUNK\_CLASS, TRUNK\_ID, AG\_CLASS).

(DAC\_CLASS, DAC\_id, AH\_CLASS, nb of cells, Cells, attributes): provides the list and attributes of cells per DAC. In answer to DCS\_CONFIGURATION\_REQ(DAC\_CLASS, DAC\_ID, AH\_CLASS).

## 5.5.2 DCS\_CONFIGURATION\_REQ

**Direction:** DCS ⇔ DAC

**Short description:** This PDU shall be used for request of the operational configuration of R6 interface. It is used for the DCS to query the configuration stored in the DAC. The semantics of the query is “ give me all objects (object-class) that are associated with a designated sort (sort class, sort identifier)”

**Table 2: DCS\_CONFIGURATION\_REQ**

Information element	Length	comment
Codop	2	
Sort_class	1	list sorted per sort_class
Sort_identifier	ID_LENGTH	
Object_class	1	class of objects sorted

### Information element description:

In this version of the interface, the following values are supported:

(NSIG\_CLASS, NSIG\_ID, DAC\_CLASS): request for the attributes of the DAC

(DAC\_CLASS, DAC\_id, ORGANIZATION\_CLASS): Request for the list and attributes of the DC\_organizations of the DAC

(DAC\_CLASS, DAC\_id, CELL\_CLASS): request for the list and attributes of the AH of the DAC.

(ORGANIZATION\_CLASS, ORG\_id, TRUNK\_CLASS): request for the list and attributes of trunks of an DC\_organization.

(TRUNK\_CLASS, Trunk\_id, AG\_CLASS): request for the list and attributes of AG of a TRUNK.

### 5.5.3 DCS\_CONFIGURATION\_UPDATE\_REQ

**Direction:** DCS ⇒ DAC

**Short description:** This PDU shall be used for request modification of the configuration of R6 interface. In this version, this is only used to request for relationship modification between AG and AG trunks.

**Table 3: DCS\_CONFIGURATION\_UPDATE\_REQ**

Information element	Length	comment
Codop	2	
Sort_class	1	list sorted per sort_class
Sort_identifier	ID_LENGTH	identification of the parent object
Object_class	1	class of objects to modify
Number_of_elements	1	number of objects
object_configuration_attribute	variable: depending on the object_class	configuration object attribute modified
...	...	...
object_configuration_attribute	variable: depending on the object_class	configuration object attribute modified

#### Information element description:

In this version of the interface, the following values of sort class, sort identifier, object class are supported:

(TRUNK\_CLASS, Trunk\_id, AG\_CLASS): request for update of attributes and relationships of AG of a TRUNK.

All parameters of the modified objects must be set in the request. If some dynamic parameters are handled by the TETRAPOL SwMI, they will be updated from TETRAPOL side. They will be taken into account with no control by the DAC.

No creation nor deletion of object is possible. All objects must exist in the configuration.

If a modification of relationship between objects is requested, the destination parent object must exist in the configuration.

#### 5.5.4 DAC\_CONFIGURATION\_ACK

**Direction:** DAC ⇌ DCS

**Short description:** This PDU shall be used for operational configuration of R6 interface, e.g. to acknowledge the DCS\_CONFIGURATION\_REQ request if an error occurred otherwise DAC\_CONFIGURATION\_IND is sent.

**Table 4: DAC\_CONFIGURATION\_ACK**

Information element	Length
Codop	2
Sort_class	1
Sort_identifier	ID_LENGTH
Object_type	1
Cause type	1
cause	CAUSE_LENGTH
Family_cause	1

Cause type shall be set to DAC cause.

Cause ≠ 0x00 because an error occurred.



### 5.5.5 DCS\_INTERFACE\_REQ

**Direction:** DCS ⇒ DAC

**Short description:** This PDU shall be the very first message sent to the DAC after the transport layer connection. It indicates the preferred interface version of the DCS.

**Table 5: DCS\_INTERFACE\_REQ**

Information element	Length
Codop	2
Interface_version	1

### 5.5.6 DAC\_INTERFACE\_IND

**Direction:** DAC ⇌ DCS

**Short description:** This PDU shall be the message sent to the DCS upon receipt of DCS\_INTERFACE\_REQ

**Table 6: DAC\_INTERFACE\_IND**

Information element	Length
Codop	2
Interface_version	1

## 5.6 Circuit control

### 5.6.1 DCS\_AG\_RESET

**Direction:** DAC ⇌ DCS

**Short description:** This PDU is used to reset an AG.

**Table 7: DCS\_AG\_RESET**

Information element	Length	comment
Codop	2	
AG_identifier	ID_LENGTH	
reserved	1	

**Information element description:**

AG\_identifier indicates which access gate is to reset.

### 5.6.2 DAC\_CIPHERING\_MODE

**Direction:** DAC ⇌ DCS

**Short description:** This PDU shall indicate the encryption state or a modification of the manual encryption state of the on-going communication through an AG. This PDU is sent during the communication.

**Table 8: DAC\_CIPHERING\_MODE**

Information element	Length	comment
Codop	2	
AG_identifier	ID_LENGTH	
Encryption_state	1	
Manual_key_modifier_index	1	

**Information element description:**

AG\_identifier identifies the access gate involved in the communication.

Encryption\_state indicates whether clear speech, network encryption or manual keying applies in the network up to the access gate,

If the system supports the optional manual keying service and if the communication where the AG is involved is manually encrypted, the manual key modifier index used for the communication is indicated, as set with DCS\_SET\_MANUAL\_KEY and DCS\_USE\_MANUAL\_KEY, otherwise the field is not significant.

### 5.6.3 DCS\_CONFIG

**Direction:** DAC ⇌ DCS

**Short description:** This PDU is used to change temporarily the behaviour of the AG. Its use is limited to the possibility to forbid temporarily reception of incoming private calls, to request a radio AG to provide the DCS with the monitoring flow, and to request a radio AG to provide the DCS with the SMS.

**Table 9: DCS\_CONFIG**

Information element	Length	comment
Codop	2	
Sort class	1	
Sort_identifier	ID_LENGTH	
Config_type= CONFIG_TYPE_INCOMING_CALLS	1	Name of field
incoming_calls	1	Value of field
Config_type= CONFIG_TYPE_MONITORING	1	Name of field
monitoring_designation	1	Value of field
Config_type= CONFIG_TYPE_DATA_BEHAVIOUR	1	Name of field
data_behaviour	1	Value of field
Config_type = CONFIG_TYPE_NSIGN	1	

#### Information element description:

At least one of the possible config\_type must be present. Information elements may be in any order in the PDU, except that CONFIG\_TYPE\_NSIGN shall be the last information element of the PDU.

If no information element is present in the message, it shall be ignored by the receiver with no error.

The information element is encoded according to type-value format

For CONFIG\_TYPE\_INCOMING\_CALLS,

Sort class can take values AG\_CLASS or TRUNK\_CLASS.

Sort\_identifier is the identifier of the concerned object.

Incoming\_calls field indicates if incoming calls shall be accepted or not by the AG or by the AG belonging to the trunk (either private voice calls and/or data messages)

For CONFIG\_TYPE\_MONITORING

Sort class can only take value AG\_CLASS

Sort identifier is the identifier of the concerned AG

Monitoring\_designation field requests for delivery of monitoring flow of information to DCS. Monitoring\_designation is a boolean field with TRUE value if AG is used for monitoring, and FALSE value if AG is not used for monitoring.

This can only apply to an AG attached to a radio cell. If the request aims a line connected AG, the message shall be rejected by the DAC with an error.

For CONFIG\_TYPE\_DATA\_BEHAVIOUR,

Sort class can only take value AG\_CLASS.

Sort\_identifier is the identifier of the concerned AG.

Data\_behaviour field indicates if SMS implicitly addressed to the DC should be received preferentially through this AG.

This can only apply to an AG attached to a radio cell. If the request aims a line connected AG, the message shall be rejected by the DAC with an error.

Config type =CONFIG\_TYPE\_NSIGN is mandatory to indicate the end of the PDU

#### 5.6.4 DCS\_FORWARD\_REQ

**Direction:** DAC ⇌ DCS

**Short description:** This PDU shall modify the forward parameters of one of the AG .

**Table 10: DCS\_FORWARD\_REQ**

Information element	Length	Comment
Codop	2	
AG_identifier	ID_LENGTH	
Action	1	
Address	5	host address

Action indicates whether the forwarding service is activated or deactivated.

The host address is used for calls to be forwarded-to.

### 5.6.5 DAC\_FORWARD\_STATE

**Direction:** DAC ⇌ DCS

**Short description:** This PDU shall indicate the forward state of the AG. It is send to give the result of a forward request.

**Table 11: DAC\_FORWARD\_STATE**

Information element	Length	Comment
Codop	2	
AG_identifier	ID_LENGTH	
Forward_state	1	
Address	5	Host address
Cause_type	1	
Cause	1	
Family_cause	1	

The call request to the AG are deviated to the host address.

Family\_cause indicates the result of the forwarding request.



### 5.6.6 DCS\_PTT\_PRIORITY\_CHANGE\_REQ

**Direction:** DAC ⇄ DCS

**Short description:** This PDU shall be used to request a new PTT priority. This request remains valid until new PTT priority change request.

**Table 12: DCS\_PTT\_PRIORITY\_CHANGE\_REQ**

Information element	Length	Comment
Codop	2	
AG_identifier	ID_LENGTH	
PTT_priority	1	

### 5.6.7 DCS\_SET\_MANUAL\_KEY

**Direction:** DAC ⇌ DCS

**Short description:** This optional PDU is relevant for the manual keying service when it is supported in the system. This PDU shall request a modification of the manual key of an access gate. This PDU is not related to a communication.

**Table 13: DCS\_SET\_MANUAL\_KEY**

Information element	Length	comment
Codop	2	
AG_identifier	ID_LENGTH	
Manual_key_modifier_index	1	
Manual_key_modifier	4	

**Information element description:**

AG\_identifier indicates which access gate is concerned by the transaction.

Manual\_key\_modifier\_index, Manual\_key\_modifier are the parameters to be set.

### 5.6.8 DCS\_USE\_MANUAL\_KEY

**Direction:** DAC ⇄ DCS

**Short description:** This optional PDU is relevant for the manual keying service when it is supported in the system. This PDU shall request the use of a manual key for an access gate or the end of its use. This PDU is not related to a communication.

**Table 14: DCS\_USE\_MANUAL\_KEY**

Information element	Length	comment
Codop	2	
AG_identifier	ID_LENGTH	
Action	1	
Manual_key_modifier_index	1	

**Information element description:**

AG\_identifier indicates which AG is concerned by the transaction.

Action is either to enable or disable the manual keying.

Manual\_key\_modifier\_index is significant if manual keying is enabled and a key modifier has been set for the related index.

## 5.7 System monitoring

### 5.7.1 Sorted list protocol data units

#### 5.7.1.1 DCS\_SORTED\_LIST\_REQ

**Direction:** DAC ⇄ DCS

**Short description:** This PDU shall request from the DAC a list of elements according to a criterion (sort\_class and sort\_identifier). These elements shall be of the same class (Object\_class). The purpose of this PDU is to request the DAC to provide the list of elements of the same <Object\_class> according to (<sort\_class>,<sort\_identifier>).

**Table 15: DCS\_SORTED\_LIST\_REQ**

Information element	Length	comment
Codop	2	
Sort_class	1	List sorted per sort_class
Sort_identifier	ID_LENGTH	id of the member of the sort class concerned
Object_class	1	Class of object sorted

#### Information element description:

Available combinations for (sort class, object class) parameters are :

(TRUNK\_CLASS, ECH\_CLASS): request for available ECH of a trunk

(TRUNK\_CLASS, TALKGROUP\_CLASS): request for available talkgroup of a trunk

(TRUNK\_CLASS, MOCH\_CLASS): request for available MOCH of a trunk

(TRUNK\_CLASS, COV\_CLASS): request for established COV within a trunk

(TRUNK\_CLASS, OG\_CLASS): request for available internal and external OG of a trunk

The sort\_identifiers are configuration parameters of the DAC.

### 5.7.1.2 DAC\_SORTED\_LIST\_IND

**Direction:** DAC ⇒ DCS

**Short description:** This PDU shall provide the DCS with a list of elements from the DAC according to a criterion (sort\_class and sort\_identifier). These elements shall be of the same class (Object\_class).

**Table 16: DAC\_SORTED\_LIST\_IND**

Information element	Length	comment
Codop	2	
Sort_class	1	list sorted per sort_class
Sort_identifier	ID_LENGTH	id of the member of the sort_class concerned
Object_class	1	Class of objects sorted
Number_of_elements	2	number of objects
Object_attribute	depending of the object class	Attributes of the object according to the object class
...	...	..
Object attribute	depending of the object class	

**Information element description:**

Sort\_identifier is either an AG\_identifier, a Trunk\_identifier according to Sort\_class value.

### 5.7.1.3 DAC\_SORTED\_LIST\_ACK

**Direction:** DAC ⇌ DCS

**Short description:** This PDU shall be to acknowledge the DCS\_SORTED\_LIST\_REQ request if an error occurred, otherwise DAC\_SORTED\_LIST\_IND shall be sent instead of DAC\_SORTED\_LIST\_ACK.

**Table 17: DAC\_SORTED\_LIST\_ACK**

Information element	Length	
Codop	2	
Sort_class	1	
Sort_identifier	ID_LENGTH	
Object_class	1	
Cause type	1	
cause	CAUSE_LENGTH	
family_cause	1	

**Information element description:**

Cause type is set to DAC cause.

When an error occurs, the family\_Cause is ≠ 0x00.

#### 5.7.1.4 DCS\_SORTED\_LIST\_IND

**Direction:** DAC ⇌ DCS

**Short description:** This PDU shall provide the DAC with a list of elements from the DCS according to a criterion (sort\_class and sort\_identifier).

**Table 18: DCS\_SORTED\_LIST\_IND**

Information element	Length	comment
Codop	2	
Sort_class	1	
Sort_identifier	ID_LENGTH	
Object_class	1	
Number_of_elements	2	number of objects
Object_attribute	Depending on the object class	
...	...	...
Object_attribute	Depending on the object class	

#### Information element description:

Available combinations for (sort class, object class) parameters are:

(TRUNK\_CLASS, OG\_CLASS): to provide the external OGs of a trunk.

The provided OGs shall be external OGs belonging to the organization related to the trunk. The list is an exhaustive list of external OGs for the trunk which shall supersede previous list.

The elements shall be of the same class (Object\_class).

## 5.7.2 Sorted list possible values

This section provides the possible values and utilisation of the sorted\_list message supported by this version of the interface. All other configurations are not supported.

### 5.7.2.1 AVAILABLE ECH of a TRUNK (DAC\_SORTED\_LIST\_IND)

**Direction:** DAC ⇒ DCS

**Short description:** This PDU shall indicate the list of set up emergency open channels for a trunk of AG, providing, for each ECH, and the cell where the ECH has been initiated. The list of ECH may be segmented into several PDU.

This message is either sent spontaneously by the DAC (for every modification of the list) or in response of a DAC\_SORTED\_LIST\_REQ (with the associated sort\_class, sort\_identifier and object\_class) ie (TRUNK\_CLASS, Trunk\_id, ECH\_CLASS).

**Table 19: DAC\_SORTED\_LIST\_IND for ECH\_LIST of a TRUNK**

Information element	Length	comment
Codop = DAC-SORTED_LIST_IND	2	
Sort_class = TRUNK_CLASS	1	List sorted per trunk of AG
Sort_identifier = Trunk_identifier	ID_LENGTH	Part of the DAC configuration
Object_class = ECH_CLASS	1	elements are ECH
Number_of_elements	2	number of ECH in the list
Object_attribute = ECH_Attribute	1+ ID_LENGTH+1	Attributes of the ECH
...	...	..
Object attribute= ECH_Attribute	1+ ID_LENGTH+1	



### 5.7.2.2 AVAILABLE TALKGROUP of a trunk (DAC\_SORTED\_LIST\_IND)

**Direction:** DAC ⇒ DCS

**Short description:** This PDU shall provide the list of talkgroups, defined by a couple (OG, COV) within coverage of the DC, seen from a trunk of AG on the Air Interface. This list is a superset of the talkgroups in which the trunk is allowed to participate. Talkgroup whose coverage is released shall not appear in the list of available talkgroups.

This message is either sent spontaneously by the DAC (for every modification of the list) or in response of a DCS\_SORTED\_LIST\_REQ (with the associated sort\_class, sort\_identifier and object\_class) ie (TRUNK\_CLASS, Trunk\_id, TALKGROUP\_CLASS).

**Table 20: DAC\_SORTED\_LIST\_IND for TALKGROUP\_LIST of a TRUNK**

Information element	Length	comment
Codop = DAC-SORTED_LIST_IND	2	
Sort_class = TRUNK_CLASS	1	List sorted per trunk of AG
Sort_identifier = Trunk_identifier	ID_LENGTH	Part of the DAC configuration
Object_class = TALKGROUP_CLASS	1	elements are talkgroups
Number_of_elements	2	number of talkgroups in the list
Object_attribute = Talkgroup_Attribute	ID_LENGTH+3	Attributes of a talkgroup
...	...	..
Object attribute= Talkgroup_Attribute	ID_LENGTH+3	

Number\_of\_elements is the number of talkgroups in the list and shall not exceed TALKGROUP\_MAXNB.

### 5.7.2.3 AVAILABLE MOCH in a Trunk (DAC\_SORTED\_LIST\_IND)

**Direction:** DAC ⇔ DCS

**Short description:** This PDU shall indicate the list of MOCH that are within the coverage of the DC for one trunk of AG. The attributes of each MOCH are provided, including MOCH identifier, priority, OG, type of associated cell.

This message is either sent spontaneously by the DAC (for every modification of the list) or in response of a DAC\_SORTED\_LIST\_REQ (with the associated sort\_class, sort\_identifier and object\_class) ie (TRUNK\_CLASS, Trunk\_id, MOCH\_CLASS)

**Table 21: DAC\_SORTED\_LIST\_IND for MOCH\_LIST of a TRUNK**

Information element	Length	comment
Codop = DAC-SORTED_LIST_IND	2	
Sort_class = TRUNK_CLASS	1	List sorted per trunk of AG
Sort_identifier = Trunk_identifier	ID_LENGTH	Part of the DAC configuration
Object_class = MOCH_CLASS	1	elements are MOCH
Number_of_elements	2	number of MOCH in the list
Object_attribute = MOCH_Attribute	variable (see Moch_attribute definition)	Attributes of a MOCH
...	...	..
Object attribute= MOCH_Attribute	variable (see Moch_attribute definition)	Attributes of a MOCH

#### 5.7.2.4 COV SORTED LIST in a TRUNK (DAC\_SORTED\_LIST\_IND)

**Direction:** DAC ⇒ DCS

**Short description:** This PDU shall indicate the setup coverages (COV) accessible through Trunk of AG.

This message is either sent spontaneously by the DAC (for every modification of the list) or in response of a DAC\_SORTED\_LIST\_REQ (with the associated sort\_class, sort\_identifier and object\_class) ie (TRUNK\_CLASS, Trunk\_id, COV\_CLASS).

**Table 22: DAC\_SORTED\_LIST\_IND for MOCH\_LIST of a TRUNK**

Information element	Length	comment
Codop = DAC-SORTED_LIST_IND	2	
Sort_class = TRUNK_CLASS	1	List sorted per trunk of AG
Sort_identifier = trunk_identifier	ID_LENGTH	Part of the DAC configuration
Object_class = COV_CLASS	1	elements are COV
Number_of_elements	2	number of COV in the list
Object_attribute = COV_Attribute	1+ ID_LENGTH+1	Attributes of a COV
...	...	..
Object attribute= COV_Attribute	1+ID_LENGTH+1	Attributes of a COV

**Information element description:**

### 5.7.2.5 OG SORTED LIST in a TRUNK (DAC\_SORTED\_LIST\_IND)

**Direction:** DAC ⇔ DCS

**Short description:** This PDU shall indicate the OG accessible through Trunk of AG .

This message is sent in response of a DCS\_SORTED\_LIST\_REQ (with the associated sort\_class, sort\_identifier and object\_class) ie (TRUNK\_CLASS, Trunk\_id, OG\_CLASS).

The OG provided are internal and external ones.

**Table 23: DAC\_SORTED\_LIST\_IND for OG\_LIST of a TRUNK**

Information element	Length	comment
Codop = DAC-SORTED_LIST_IND	2	
Sort_class = TRUNK_CLASS	1	List sorted per trunk of AG
Sort_identifier = trunk_identifier	ID_LENGTH	Part of the DAC configuration
Object_class = OG_CLASS	1	elements are OG
Number_of_elements	2	number of OG in the list
Object_attribute = OG_identifier	2	Attributes of a OG
...	...	..
Object attribute= OG_identifier	2	Attributes of a OG

### 5.7.2.6 Allocation of external OG to the DAC (with DCS\_SORTED\_LIST\_IND)

**Direction:** DAC ⇌ DCS

**Short description:** This PDU shall indicate to the DAC a list of external OG to be used for talkgroups.

This message is acknowledged by the message DAC\_SORTED\_LIST\_ACK.

**Table 24: DCS\_SORTED\_LIST\_IND for external OG of a trunk**

Information element	Length	comment
Codop = DCS-SORTED_LIST_IND	2	
Sort_class = TRUNK_CLASS	1	List sorted per trunk of AG
Sort_identifier = trunk_identifier	ID_LENGTH	Part of the DAC configuration
Object_class = OG_CLASS	1	elements are OG
Number_of_elements	2	number of OG in the list
Object_attribute = OG_Attribute	ID_LENGTH	Attributes of a OG
...	...	..
Object attribute= OG_Attribute	ID_LENGTH	Attributes of a OG

## 5.8 Call control

### 5.8.1 DAC\_ALERTING

**Direction:** DAC ⇒ DCS

**Short description:** This PDU is sent to indicate to the DCS that the called terminal is rung for the private call routed through the access gate. It applies to a private call from the dispatch centre to the system.

**Table 25: DAC\_ALERTING**

Information element	Length	comment
Codop	2	
AG_identifier	ID_LENGTH	
Call_reference	1	previously Allocatedby the AG

#### Information element description:

AG\_identifier applies to the AG through which the call is routed.

Call reference identify the call..

### 5.8.2 DCS\_CALL\_ANSWER

**Direction:** DAC ⇌ DCS

**Short description:** This PDU shall be sent to indicate to the AG that the dispatcher hooks off and accepts the incoming private call within the time window defined over the air interface (T710 timer). It applies to a private call from the system to the dispatch centre

**Table 26: DCS\_CALL\_ANSWER**

Information element	Length	comment
Codop	2	
AG_identifier	ID_LENGTH	
Call_reference	1	

**Information element description:**

AG\_identifier applies to the AG through which the call is routed. It is the one provided in DAC\_INCOMING\_SETUP message.

Call reference identify the call.

### 5.8.3 DAC\_CALL\_REFERENCE

**Direction:** DAC ⇌ DCS

**Short description:** A transaction over R6-I3 interface is identified with a Call\_reference. This PDU indicates that the transaction through the indicated access gate is proceeding and provides a Call\_reference related to it.

**Table 27: DAC\_CALL\_REFERENCE**

Information element	Length	comment
Codop	2	
AG_identifier	ID_LENGTH	
Call_reference	1	Allocated by the AG
Reference_Type	1	

**Information element description:**

AG\_identifier indicates which access gate allocated the Call\_reference.

Call reference is allocated by the AG for the transaction duration.

Reference\_Type indicates if the Call\_reference is a new one or is the current one.

For communications from the SwMI to the DC, the call\_reference is provided by the access gate in the appropriate messages.

NSIG\_CALL\_REF is a reserved value for Call\_reference.



#### 5.8.4 DAC\_CONNECT

**Direction:** DAC ⇒ DCS

**Short description:** This PDU shall be sent to establish the voice path connectivity, synchronise the end of the establishment of a group communication or a private call and indicate the encryption state of the call if known.

**Table 28: DAC\_CONNECT**

Information element	Length	comment
Codop	2	
AG_identifier	ID_LENGTH	
Call_reference	1	identify the call
Encryption_state	1	
Call_priority	1	
Boolean_bitmap	1	bitmap field
Manual.key_modifier_index	1	

#### Information element description:

The connect request is related to a communication through an AG, characterised with Call\_reference and AG\_identifier.

Encryption and priority information elements are provided.

Encryption\_state indicates whether clear speech, network encryption or manual keying applies in the network up to the access gate,

Boolean\_bitmap indicates whether the call involves a PABX, is partially setup, whether message-trunking or activation-based trunking applies.

Manual\_key\_modifier\_index is significant if Encryption\_state= MANUAL\_ENCRYPTION and if a key modifier has been set for the related index.

### 5.8.5 DAC\_CRISIS\_NOTIFICATION

**Direction:** DAC ⇔ DCS

**Short description:** This PDU shall indicate the establishment of a crisis call, providing the identity of the terminal in emergency situation, and the reference of the MOCH used for the crisis call. Only the AG in monitoring mode shall transmit this PDU.

**Table 29: DAC\_CRISIS\_NOTIFICATION**

Information element	Length	Comment
Codop	2	
AH_identifier	ID_LENGTH	
MOCH/COV_identifier	ID_LENGTH	
Address	5	
Reserved	1	
Number_of_elements	1	
OG_identifier	ID_LENGTH	
...	....	
OG_identifier[]	ID_LENGTH	

AH identifier indicates the routing direction from which information come from TETRAPOL.

MOCH/COV identifier gives the identity of the setup crisis MOCH.

Address identifies the terminal in emergency situation if any.

Number and OG list gives the list of OG used for setup of the crisis MOCH, as it is known by TETRAPOL system.

### 5.8.6 DCS\_DEFAULT\_CALL\_ENTER

**Direction:** DAC ⇌ DCS

**Short description:** This PDU shall be sent to select an AG to participate to a group communication (select it as the default communication of an AG). Default communication means that when the AG is not busy with another communication, the default group communication applies.

A group communication is either a MOCH, a BOCH, an EMOCH, a talkgroup, a talkgroup merging or an ECH.

This message is also used to enter into a scanning service.

Before selecting an access gate for a scanning service in sequential listening mode, the DCS shall check that at least one of the scanned communication is established within the coverage of the AG.

Before selecting an access gate for a priority scanning service, the DCS shall check that the priority communication is established within the coverage of the access gate.

For external groups, the DCS shall check that corresponding COV are established.

**Table 30: DCS\_DEFAULT\_CALL\_ENTER**

Information element	Length	comment
Codop	2	
AG_identifier	ID_LENGTH	
Call_type	1	Default call type
OG_identifier	ID_LENGTH	Activation OG
Call_priority	1	
Number_of_elements	1	Number of calls
call_attribute	1+3*ID_LENGTH	Attributes of a group communication
...	...	...
Call_attribute	1+3*IDLENGTH	

#### Information element description:

Call\_type defines the type of default communication in which AG has to participate

The OG\_identifier (used for activation OG) indicates on which OG of the group communication, activation of the communication will apply. It is the OG of the communication if there is only one OG, or all OGs if there are several.

Call\_priority defines an activation priority of the group communication. It shall be consistent with the one delivered in group communication lists broadcast by system monitoring flow.

For a talkgroup:

- Call\_type is TALKGROUP\_TYPE
- OG identifier is the OG of the talkgroup
- Call priority is ROUTINE\_PRIO

For a MOCH or an EMOCH, or a talkgroup merging communication :

- Call\_type is MOCH\_TYPE
- OG identifier is set to ALL\_OG
- Call priority is set to the priority of the communication broadcast in MOCH list of system monitoring flow (either Routine or flash for MOCH or crisis for EMOCH)

For a BOCH:

- Call\_type is BROADCAST\_TYPE
- OG identifier is set to ALL\_OG
- Call priority is set to "Broadcast"

For an ECH:

- Call\_type is ECH\_TYPE
- OG identifier is set to ALL\_OG
- Call priority is set to "Emergency"

For a sequential listening scanning:

- Call\_type is SEQUENTIAL\_LISTENING\_SCAN\_TYPE
- OG identifier is set to ALL\_OG for a scan of MOCH, or the OG of the first talkgroup for a scan of talkgroups.
- Call priority is set to the priority of the first communication of the list, defined as for previous cases.

For priority scanning (only for MOCH):

- Call\_type is PRIORITY\_SCAN\_TYPE
- OG identifier is set to ALL\_OG for a scan of MOCH
- Call priority is set to the priority of the first communication of the list, defined as for previous cases.

Number\_of\_call shall be equal to 1 when the call type is not a scanning service. Only one call\_attribute shall be provided in this case.

When Call\_type is SEQUENTIAL\_LISTENING\_SCAN\_TYPE or PRIORITY\_SCAN\_TYPE. Its value is between 2 and CALL\_PER\_SCAN\_MAXNB. One call\_attribute element shall be provided per scanned group communication.

#### Parameters of call attribute for one group communication

For an ECH:

- Call\_type is not significant
- MOCH/COV\_identifier is not significant
- Participation\_OG\_identifier is not significant
- Cell\_identifier is reserved for identifying an ECH (An ECH is identified by the cell where the emergency happens).

For a MOCH, EMOCH, talkgroup merging, BOCH:

- Call\_type is not significant
- MOCH/COV\_identifier is a MOCH identifier
- Participation\_OG\_identifier is not significant
- Cell\_identifier is not significant.

For a talkgroup

- Call\_type is not significant
- MOCH/COV\_identifier is a COV identifier
- Participation\_OG\_identifier is the same OG as activation OG
- Cell\_identifier is not significant

#### Parameters of call attribute for scanning services

The list of call attributes shall contain a maximum of CALL\_PER\_SCAN\_MAXNB elements.

Scanning services is not allowed for BOCH nor for ECH communications.

The first call attribute in the list refers to the main communication for a scanning service, on which push-to-talk is associated per default and on which manual keying and attach procedures may apply.

For a sequential listening of MOCH, EMOCH, talkgroup merging:

- Call\_type is set to MOCH\_TYPE
- MOCH/COV\_identifier is a MOCH identifier
- Participation\_OG\_identifier is not significant
- Cell\_identifier is not significant.

For a sequential listening of talkgroups :

- Call\_type is set either to TALKGROUP\_TYPE for talkgroups
- MOCH/COV\_identifier is a COV identifier
- Participation\_OG\_identifier is the same OG as activation OG
- Cell\_identifier is not significant

For a priority scanning of MOCH, EMOCH

- Call\_type is set to MOCH\_TYPE
- MOCH/COV\_identifier is a MOCH identifier
- Participation\_OG\_identifier is not significant
- Cell\_identifier is not significant

For a scanning service, some COV identifiers or Participation OG may be unknown and shall be set to a non significant value. Their actual value can be provided later using DCS\_MODIFY\_DEFAULT\_CALL. This does not apply to the priority communication in a priority scanning service (which is the first one of the list).

### 5.8.7 DAC\_DEFAULT\_CALL\_IND

**Direction:** DAC ⇔ DCS

**Short description:** This PDU shall indicate the entry in a group communication selected by the DCS. It applies to all group communications.

**Table 31: DAC\_DEFAULT\_CALL\_IND**

Information element	Length	comment
Codop	2	
AG_identifier	ID_LENGTH	
Call_reference	1	
Call_type	1	default call type
OG_identifier	ID_LENGTH	Activation OG
Call_priority	1	
Number_of_elements	1	number of calls
Call_attribute	1+3*ID_LENGTH	Attributes of a group communication
....	....	....
Call_attribute	1+3*ID_LENGTH	

The attributes of the communication (group communication) are indicated in the call\_attribute element. In case of scanning, one call\_attribute element shall be provided per scanned communication.

#### Information element description:

Call\_type defines the type of default communication: MOCH\_TYPE, BROADCAST\_TYPE, ECH\_TYPE, TALKGROUP\_TYPE, SEQUENTIAL\_LISTENING\_SCAN\_TYPE or PRIORITY\_SCAN\_TYPE.

The Activation OG is set to:

- ALL\_OG for a MOCH, a BROADCAST or an ECH,
- the OG of the talkgroup for a Talkgroup,
- ALL\_OG for a scan of MOCH,
- the OG of the first talkgroup of the list for a scan of talkgroups.

The participation OG is the OG\_identifier of the group in case of a talkgroup/group call (It is equal to the activation OG)

it shall be set to ALL\_OG in case of MOCH, ECH and BROADCAST.

Number\_of\_element shall be equals to 1 when the call type does not refer to a scanning service.

When Call\_type is SEQUENTIAL\_LISTENING\_SCAN\_TYPE or PRIORITY\_SCAN\_TYPE. Its value is between 2 and CALL\_PER\_SCAN\_MAXNB

In the call attribute,, Call\_type is significant for scanning service. In that case, call\_type defines the type of the scanned communications

For a scanning service, all Call\_type fields in the call attribute structures shall all be equal. it is either MOCH\_TYPE or TALKGROUP\_TYPE. Mixing MOCH\_TYPE and TALKGROUP\_TYPE in a scanning set-up command is not supported.

For other services, that involves just one group communication, the call type field in the call attribute is non significant

MOCH/COV\_identifier is a MOCH coverage identifier or a COV identifier for a talkgroup/ group call. It is not significant for an ECH.

Cell\_identifier is reserved for identifying an ECH and is not significant otherwise. (An ECH is identified by the cell where the emergency happens).

### 5.8.8 DCS\_DEFAULT\_CALL\_RESP

**Direction:** DAC ⇌ DCS

**Short description:** This PDU shall be sent to acknowledge the positive entry indication in a default call.

**Table 32: DCS\_DEFAULT\_CALL\_RESP**

Information element	Length	comment
Codop	2	
AG_identifier	ID_LENGTH	
Call_reference	1	

**Information element description:**

AG\_identifier designates the AG through which the group communication is routed.

Call reference shall be set to the value previously allocated by the AG.



### 5.8.9 DCS\_DEFAULT\_CALL\_WITHDRAWAL

**Direction:** DAC ⇌ DCS

**Short description:** This PDU shall be sent to withdraw from an on-going default group communication or to cancel the default communication definition.

**Table 33: DCS\_DEFAULT\_CALL\_WITHDRAWAL**

Information element	Length	comment
Codop	2	
AG_identifier	ID_LENGTH	
Call_reference	1	

**Information element description:**

To cancel a default call definition for an AG.

The call\_reference shall be the one of the group communication

### 5.8.10 DCS\_ECH\_RELEASE

**Direction:** DAC ⇌ DCS

**Short description:** This PDU shall be sent to release an ECH.

**Table 34: DCS\_ECH\_RELEASE**

Information element	Length	comment
Codop	2	
AG_identifier	ID_LENGTH	
Cell_identifier	ID_LENGTH	An ECH is identified by a cell_identifier.

**Information element description:**

Cell\_identifier identifies the ECH to be released.

### 5.8.11 DCS\_ECH\_SETUP

**Direction:** DAC ⇌ DCS

**Short description:** This PDU shall be sent to setup an emergency open channel.

**Table 35: DCS\_ECH\_SETUP**

Information element	Length	comment
Codop	2	
AG_identifier	ID_LENGTH	
address	5	Terminal address in emergency situation
Cell_identifier	ID_LENGTH	
reserved	1	

#### Information element description

The address is the one of the terminal in emergency situation

Cell\_identifier identifies the ECH.

Encryption mode of the ECH is determined by TETRAPOL system

### 5.8.12 DAC\_EMERGENCY\_NOTIFICATION

**Direction:** DAC ⇒ DCS

**Short description:** This PDU shall indicate the establishment of an ECH in the AH, providing the identity of the terminal in emergency situation, and its cell.

**Table 36: DAC\_EMERGENCY\_NOTIFICATION**

Information element	Length	
Codop	2	
AH_identifier	ID_LENGTH	
cell_identifier	ID_LENGTH	Cell associated to the ECH
address	5	address of the terminal in emergency situation

**Information element description:**

AH\_identifier identifies a routeing direction from where the emergency notification is received.

Cell\_identifier characterize the cell associated to the ECH.

### 5.8.13 DCS\_EMERGENCY\_SETUP\_ACK

**Direction:** DAC ⇌ DCS

**Short description:** This PDU shall be used to notify to the DAC, the acceptance or the refusal by the DCS, to set up an emergency or a crisis call.

This PDU shall be used only as an answer to the PDU DAC\_SIGNALLING\_IND whose information element Signal\_code is SIGNAL\_ECH\_SETUP\_REQ or SIGNAL\_CRISIS\_CALL\_SETUP\_REQ.

**Table 37: DCS\_EMERGENCY\_SETUP\_ACK**

Information element	Length	Comment
Codop	2	
AG_identifier	ID_LENGTH	
Boolean	1	Decision
Cell_identifier	ID_LENGTH	
Address	5	
Network_organization	1	

Decision is either to accept or refuse the setup of the call.

Cell\_identifier and Address refers to the cell and the ST concerned by the emergency- or crisis call. These informations shall be those present in PDU DAC\_SIGNALLING\_IND.

#### 5.8.14 DAC\_END

**Direction:** DAC ⇌ DCS

**Short description:** This PDU shall indicate the end of a call or the end of a transaction or the abortion of a transaction: release of private call, setup or release of MOCH, end of transfer. On receipt of DAC\_END the call\_reference is no longer valid.

**Table 38: DAC\_END**

Information element	Length	comment
Codop	2	
AG_identifier	ID_LENGTH	
Call_reference	1	
Cause_type	1	
Cause	CAUSE_LENGTH	
Family_cause	1	
Codop	2	codop of DCS message that causes error

**Information element description:**

Cause\_type differentiates between cause indication originating from the network or from the DAC and cause indications local to the access gate. Family\_cause give a transcription of internal causes of the TETRAPOL system.

Codop of DCS message is set if a bad formatted message is received by DAC

### 5.8.15 DCS\_FALLBACK\_MOCH\_ENTER

**Direction:** DAC ⇌ DCS

**Short description:** This PDU shall be sent for a radio AG to enter in a fallback MOCH, in a cell where the base station is in BSC disconnected mode, instead of reselecting another cell. The DCS shall check that the cell where the radio AG is registered is in such a fallback mode (FB\_MODE32).

It shall not be used for Line Connected AG.

**Table 39: DCS\_FALLBACK\_MOCH\_ENTER**

Information element	Length	comment
Codop	2	
AG_identifier	ID_LENGTH	

### 5.8.16 DAC\_INCOMING\_SETUP

**Direction:** DAC ⇔ DCS

**Short description:** This PDU shall be sent for an incoming private call setup.

**Table 40: DAC\_INCOMING\_SETUP**

Information element	Length	Comment
Codop	2	
AG_identifier	ID_LENGTH	
Call_reference	1	allocated call reference
Call_type	1	
Call_priority	1	
Address	5	calling party address
Length	1	length (in number of quartets) of the called party subaddress
subaddress	SUBADDRESS_M AXLENGTH	called subaddress
Behaviour_on_incoming_call	1	Display of calling party address

**Information element description:**

Call\_type is either PRIVATE\_CALL\_TYPE or PABX\_CALL\_TYPE,

When significant, the calling party address is the RFSI address of the calling party.

When its length is not zero, the called subaddress is a subaddress over the Airand may be interpreted by the DCS.. The called subaddress is BCD encoded. Its length is given in quartets. The length of the called subaddress shall be shorter or equal to SUBADDRESS\_MAXLENGTH.

For an incoming call, a call reference is allocated.

Behaviour\_on\_incoming\_call indicates whether the calling party address should be displayed or not to the operator. Inside TETRAPOL, the calling party address is not displayed if "No" value is set.



### 5.8.17 DCS\_INTRUSION

**Direction:** DAC ⇌ DCS

**Short description:** This PDU shall be sent to intrude into a Private call. Other uses are reserved.

**Table 41: DCS\_ INTRUSION**

Information element	Length	comment
Codop	2	
AG_identifier	ID_LENGTH	
Intrusion_type	1	
( Reserved use )	ID_LENGTH	
Address	5	Calling party address
( Reserved use )	ID_LENGTH	

**Information element description:**

Intrusion\_type can only be PRIVATE\_CALL\_INTRUSION

Address is the calling party address of the intruded call.

### 5.8.18 DCS\_MOCH\_RELEASE

**Direction:** DAC ⇌ DCS

**Short description:** This PDU shall be sent to release an established MOCH.

**Table 42: DCS\_MOCH\_RELEASE**

Information element	Length	comment
Codop	2	
AG_identifier	ID_LENGTH	
MOCH/COV_identifier	ID_LENGTH	
reserved	1	

### 5.8.19 DCS\_MOCH\_SETUP

**Direction:** DAC ⇌ DCS

**Short description:** This PDU shall be sent to request the setup of an MOCH.

**Table 43: DCS\_MOCH\_SETUP**

Information element	Length	comment
Codop	2	
AG_identifier	ID_LENGTH	
MOCH/COV_identifier	ID_LENGTH	
Call_priority	1	
reserved	1	
Activation_mode	1	
Number_of_elements	1	number of OG
OG_identifier	ID_LENGTH	participation OG
....	....	....
OG_identifier	ID_LENGTH	participation OG

**Information element description:**

Call\_priority is the external establishment priority.

Call\_priority, activation\_mode are attributes of the MOCH identified with MOCH/COV\_identifier.

Ciphering mode is always determined by the network on setup of the callActivation\_mode is set to either MOCH\_ACTIVATION for a MOCH or an EMOCH or BROADCAST\_ACTIVATION for a BOCH.

The list of OG is the list of participation OG for the MOCH. This is optional and erases the existing list. In case of ciphering, all participation OG must be ciphered.

There shall be a maximum of OG\_MAXNB OG identifiers in the list for a MOCH and OG2\_MAXNB for a BOCH or an EMOCH.

## 5.8.20 DCS\_MODIFY\_DEFAULT\_CALL

**Direction:** DAC ⇌ DCS

**Short description:** This PDU may be used as a request to modify the list of calls for a scanning service previously installed by a DCS\_DEFAULT\_CALL\_ENTER message.

**Table 44: DCS\_MODIFY\_DEFAULT\_CALL**

Information element	Length	comment
Codop	2	
AG_identifier	ID_LENGTH	
Call_reference	1	
OG_identifier	ID_LENGTH	Activation OG
Number_of_elements	1	number of calls
call_attribute	1+3*ID_LENGTH	Attributes of a group communication
....	....	....
call_attribute	idem	

### Information element description:

There shall be either two or a maximum of CALL\_PER\_SCAN\_MAXNB call\_attributes in the list.

The AG\_identifier indicates an AG where a scanning service has been previously defined by a DCS\_DEFAULT\_CALL\_ENTER.

### 5.8.21 DCS\_OUTGOING\_SETUP

**Direction:** DAC ⇌ DCS

**Short description:** This PDU shall be sent for an outgoing private call setup request.

**Table 45: DCS \_OUTGOING\_SETUP**

Information element	Length	Comment
Codop	2	
AG_identifier	ID_LENGTH	
Call_priority	1	
Number_of_elements	1	number of address elements to follow (called addresses)
Address	5	called party address
...	...	...
Address	5	called party address
Behaviour_on_incoming call	1	expected behaviour of the target ST
Length	1	Length (in number of quartets) of the subaddress to transfer
subaddress	SUBADDRESS_M AXLENGTH	subaddress

**Information element description:**

AG\_identifier characterizes the AG through which the call is routed.

Authorized values for call priority are ROUTINE\_PRIO, FLASH\_PRIO, EMERGENCY\_PRIO

The number of address elements is limited to 4 called party RFSI addresses.

Length of subaddress must be set to zero if there is no subaddress. Subaddress may be used only for a call to a PABX or another DC.

### 5.8.22 DCS\_REMOTE\_CALL\_CLEARING

**Direction:** DAC ⇌ DCS

**Short description:** This PDU shall be sent to request the remote clearing of a private call.

**Table 46: DCS\_REMOTE\_CALL\_CLEARING**

Information element	Length	comment
Codop	2	
AG_identifier	ID_LENGTH	
address	5	Address of the calling party

**Information element description:**

The address information element points out the calling party in the call to be cleared

### 5.8.23 DCS\_REMOTE\_PTT\_REQ

**Direction:** DAC ⇌ DCS

**Short description:** This PDU shall be sent to force transmission on voice circuit on a distant ST, during a private individual call.

**Table 47: DCS\_REMOTE\_PTT\_REQ**

Information element	Length	Comment
Codop	2	
AG_identifier	ID_LENGTH	
Address	5	
Transmission_duration	1	
Target_ST_mode	1	

Address refers to the ST expected to transmit; it shall be the address of the other talking party ST.

If Transmission\_duration\_is set to NSIG\_TRANSMISSION\_DURATION, transmission duration is set to the anti-gossip time-out.

Target\_ST\_mode allows to control the state of the target ST.

#### 5.8.24 DCS\_SCAN\_RESUME

**Direction:** DAC ⇌ DCS

**Short description:** This PDU shall be sent to search another on-going communication in a scanning sequence, i.e. skip the currently listened communication and resume scanning. In a priority scanning service, the priority communication shall not be skipped, so that DCS\_SCAN\_RESUME shall not be used while participating to the priority communication.

**Table 48: DCS\_SCAN\_RESUME**

Information element	Length	comment
Codop	2	
AG_identifier	ID_LENGTH	
Call_reference	1	



## 5.8.25 DAC\_SIGNALLING\_IND

**Direction:** DAC ⇒ DCS

**Short description:** This PDU shall indicate the request by a terminal to establish a communication. Either it is a private communication and communication didn't succeed in establishment because of a lack of resources (AG), or the terminal is in an emergency situation and wants to establish a communication with a dispatcher.

**Table 49: DAC\_SIGNALLING\_IND**

Information element	Length	Comment
Codop	2	
AH_identifier	ID_LENGTH	
Signal_code	1	
Length	1	
Signal_info	1	
cell_identifier	ID_LENGTH	Location of the sending terminal
address	5	Address of the sending terminal
call_priority	1	
address	5	Address of the called terminal
length	1	length (in number of quartets of the called terminal)
subaddress	SUBADDRESS_MAXLENGTH	called subaddress

### Information element description:

Signal\_info gives more information for routing the message inside DC.

For the following values of signal code, the PDU signals a request from a terminal to establish an emergency communication which has to be acknowledged by the DCS:

SIGNAL\_ECH\_SETUP\_REQ  
SIGNAL\_CRISIS\_SETUP\_REQ  
SIGNAL\_DISPATCHER\_EMERGENCY\_CALL

In these cases ;

- the information elements Call\_priority, address and subaddress of the called terminal ARE NOT significant,
- the information element cell\_identifier IS significant.

For the following values of signal code, the PDU signals that an emergency communication is going to be established by the network:

SIGNAL\_ECH\_SETUP\_IND  
SIGNAL\_CRISIS\_SETUP\_IND

In this case ;

- the information elements Call\_priority and address of the called terminal ARE significant,
- called terminal subaddress may be significant. If not, length is set to 0 value.
- the information element cell\_identifier IS NOT significant.

For the following values of signal code, the PDU signals that a terminal has requested for a private communication establishment which failed because of a lack of resources (All AG were busy) :

SIGNAL\_DISPATCHER\_CALL\_FAILURE\_IND

In this case ;

- the information elements Call\_priority and address of the called terminal ARE significant,
- called terminal subaddress may be significant. If not, length is set to 0 value.
- the information element cell\_identifier IS NOT significant.

### 5.8.26 DCS\_TONE

**Direction:** DAC ⇄ DCS

**Short description:** This PDU shall request the AG to generate a tone.

**Table 50: DCS\_TONE**

Information element	Length	Comment
Codop	2	
AG_identifier	ID_LENGTH	
Tone_type	1	

A Tone\_type value is reserved to request to stop to generate a tone.

### 5.8.27 DCS\_TRANSFER

**Direction:** DAC ⇌ DCS

**Short description:** This PDU shall be sent to request a transfer an on-going call from the AG to another terminal. The priority of the transfer is implicitly that of the call

**Table 51: DCS\_TRANSFER**

Information element	Length	comment
Codop	2	
AG_identifier	ID_LENGTH	
Call_reference	1	
address	5	address of the terminal to which the transfer is made
Length	1	length (in number of quartets) of the subaddress to transfer
subaddress	SUBADDRESS_M AXLENGTH	subaddress

### 5.8.28 DCS\_WITHDRAWAL

**Direction:** DAC ⇄ DCS

**Short description:** This PDU shall be sent to the AG for its withdrawal from a private call.

**Table 52: DCS \_WITHDRAWAL**

Information element	Length	
Codop	2	
AG_identifier	ID_LENGTH	
Call_reference	1	

## 5.9 Data services

### 5.9.1 DAC\_STATUS\_IND

**Direction:** DAC ⇌ DCS

**Short description:** This PDU shall indicate the receipt of a SMS

**Table 53: DAC\_STATUS\_IND**

Information element	Length	Comment
Codop	2	
AH_identifier	ID_LENGTH	
Status_code	1	User information
Length	1	
Status_info	1	
reserved	ID_LENGTH	
address	5	Address of the sending terminal
SMS_application	1	identification of SMS application
call_priority	1	SMS priority
message_length	2	Length of the message text
message_text	value of message length	text of the message

Message\_length is set to 0 if it corresponds to an SMS\_application of predefined status. In this case, status code shall be significant.

Otherwise (SMS application authorizing freetext), a text message shall follow message length. In this case status code shall not be significant.

Priority for SMS reception may be routine, urgent or flash.

## 5.9.2 DAC\_STATUS\_CONF

**Direction:** DAC ⇒ DCS

**Short description:** This PDU shall indicate the positive or negative confirmation of the emission of a SMS to TETRAPOL SwMI.

**Table 54: DAC \_STATUS\_CONF**

Information element	Length	Comment
Codop	2	
AG_identifier	ID_LENGTH	
Message reference	2	
result	1	result of the emission
cause	1	
cause type	1	
family cause	1	synthetic cause of error

Message reference has got the same value as in the request for sending SMS (message DCS\_STATUS\_REQ).

### 5.9.3 DCS\_STATUS\_REQ

**Direction:** DAC ⇄ DCS

**Short description:** This PDU shall be used to request a transmission of SMS to TETRAPOL system

**Table 55: DCS\_STATUS\_REQ**

Information element	Length	Comment
Codop	2	
AG_identifier	ID_LENGTH	
Status_code	1	User information
Status_info	1	
message_reference	2	
network_organization	1	
address	5	Explicit or implicit address of the receiver
OG_identifier	ID_LENGTH	OG of the receiver
functional address	1	Functional Address of the receiver
SMS_application	1	identification of SMS application
call_priority	1	SMS priority for emission
SMS_encryption	1	
message_length	2	length of the message
message_text	value of message length	text of the message

**Erreur ! Pas de séquence spécifié.** Message reference may take any value initialized by the DCS. The same message reference shall be present in DAC\_STATUS\_CONF message sent by TETRAPOL in response to DCS\_STATUS\_REQ message.

If message length is set to zero value, SMS application corresponds to predefined status, and status code and status info will be taken into account.

If message\_length is different from zero value, SMS application authorizes text message, and status code and status info will be ignored.

Fields network organization, address, OG identifier, functional address are used to address the SMS to the subscribers inside TETRAPOL system.

Only one of the three addressing capabilities shall be used at a time:

- explicit or implicit addressing: address field shall be set, otherwise a non significant value shall be set
- OG addressing: OG identifier shall be set, otherwise a non significant value shall be set
- Functional addressing: Network organization of the sender of the SMS, and functional\_address shall be set. Otherwise, non significant values shall be set.

A reduced set of characters may be used inside TETRAPOL system for the text of the messages. It is DCS responsibility to guaranty that the text sent only includes these characters.

SMS priority may be routine, urgent or flash

SMS encryption indicates if encryption is mandatory or optional to send the SMS.



## 5.10 Call advertising

### 5.10.1 DAC\_AG\_ACTIVATION\_IND

**Direction:** DAC ⇒ DCS

**Short description:** This PDU shall indicate the beginning or the end of an activation of an on-going group communication through a designated access gate. This message is sent when the corresponding group communication has been selected as the default one by the AG.

This message shall not be mistaken with DAC\_AH\_ACTIVATION\_IND which is used when no access gate has selected the group communication.

Upon receipt of the PDU at the beginning of an activation, the DCS is informed that network resources have been allocated for the purpose of building a circuit voice path for the duration of the activation of the communication.

Upon receipt of the PDU at the end of an activation, the DCS is informed that network resources have been deallocated for the communication.

this PDU is also used when the DCS requests to transmit speech for an unactive on-going group communication. The DCS is then informed by this PDU whether the transmission request and the implicitly associated activation request have succeeded or failed (for an AG that has selected the corresponding group communication as its default one)

**Table 56: DAC \_AG\_ACTIVATION\_IND**

Information element	Length	comment
Codop	2	
AG_identifier	ID_LENGTH	
Call_reference	1	
Info_activation	1	
Call_type	1	
Activation_mode	1	
MOCH/COV_identifier	ID_LENGTH	
OG_identifier	ID_LENGTH	Activating OG for talkgroup/group call
Cell_identifier	ID_LENGTH	
Encryption_state	1	
Manual_key_modifier_index	1	

#### Information element description:

AG\_identifier identifies the access gate involved in the activation of the communication. Speech items may flow through this access gate for the indicated group communication from the beginning of the activation until the end of the activation.

Call\_reference shall be allocated by the access gate or by the DAC.

Info\_activation describes the related activation being performed, i.e. start or end of activation, or indicates the cause why the activation failed.

Call\_type describes the related group communication for which the activation through the access gate applies:

- TALKGROUP\_TYPE for talkgroup/group call,
- MOCH\_TYPE for multisite open channel, talkgroup merging service, broadcast open channel

- ECH\_TYPE for emergency open channel
- Either MOCH\_TYPE or TALKGROUP\_TYPE applies for scanning services.

Activation\_mode applies to a begin of activation only, i.e. when Info\_activation= INFO\_ACTIVATION\_START. When Call\_type is MOCH\_TYPE, Activation\_mode is either MOCH\_ACTIVATION or BROADCAST\_ACTIVATION.

When Call\_type is ECH\_TYPE, Activation\_mode is MOCH\_ACTIVATION.

When Call\_type is TALKGROUPTYPE, Activation\_mode is either INTERNAL\_ACTIVATION or EXTERNAL\_ACTIVATION.

MOCH/COV\_identifier, applies to group communications including multisite open channel, broadcast open channel, talkgroup/group call. It is not significant for an emergency open channel. So it is:

- a MOCH identifier for a MOCH
- a Broadcast call identifier for a broadcast call (broadcast calls behave as MOCH)
- a COV identifier for a talkgroup/group call
- Non significant for an ECH

Cell\_identifier applies to an emergency open channel only and identifies the cell where there is a terminal in emergency situation and where the emergency open channel is activated. This is non relevant for other type of calls.

OG\_identifier shall be set to ALL\_OG for multisite open channel, broadcast open channel and emergency open channel, and is the OG of the mission for talkgroup/group call.

Encryption\_state indicates whether clear speech, network encryption or manual keying applies in the network up to the access gate, and is significant at the beginning of activation only, i.e. when Info\_activation= INFO\_ACTIVATION\_START.

Manual\_key\_modifier\_index is significant if manual ciphering applies.

### 5.10.2 DAC\_AH\_ACTIVATION\_IND

**Direction:** DAC ⇒ DCS

**Short description:** This PDU shall indicate the activation of a group communication in the routing direction identified with an AH or the end of its activation. In order to participate to the group communication, the DCS has to select an Ag that owns this OG.

**Table 57: DAC \_AH\_ACTIVATION\_IND**

Information element	Length	
Codop	2	
AH_identifier	ID_LENGTH	
Info_activation	1	
Call_type	1	
Activation_mode	1	
MOCH/COV_identifier	ID_LENGTH	
OG_identifier	2	activating OG
Cell_identifier	ID_LENGTH	applies to ECH only
Encryption_state	1	
Manual.key_modifier_index	1	

**Information element description:**

AH\_identifier indicates the AH that received the activation.

Info\_activation describes the related activation being performed: begin or end of activation.

Call\_type, Activation\_mode describe the related group communication.

Activation\_mode applies to a begin of activation

MOCH/COV\_identifier, applies to MOCH, broadcast call, group call or talkgroup.

Cell\_identifier applies to an ECH, in which case MOCH/COV\_identifier is not significant.

Activating OG shall be set to ALL\_OG for MOCH, broadcast call and ECH. This is the OG of the mission for talkgroup and group call.

Encryption state indicate whether clear speech, network encryption or manual keying applies, and is significant if Info\_Activation = ACTIVATION\_START

Manual\_key\_modifier\_index is significant if manual keying applies

## 5.11 Voice traffic signalling

### 5.11.1 DAC\_PTT\_REQUEST\_IND

**Direction:** DAC ⇌ DCS

**Short description:** This PDU shall indicate a PTT request on an AG.

**Table 58: DAC\_PTT\_REQUEST\_IND**

Information element	Length	
Codop	2	
AG_identifier	ID_LENGTH	

**Information element description:**

AG\_identifier identifies the related Access Gate.

### 5.11.2 DAC\_PTT\_RELEASE\_IND

**Direction:** DAC ⇒ DCS

**Short description:** This PDU shall indicate a PTT release on an AG.

**Table 59: DAC\_PTT\_RELEASE\_IND**

Information element	Length	
Codop	2	
AG_identifier	ID_LENGTH	

**Information element description:**

AG\_identifier identifies the related Access Gate.

### 5.11.3 DAC\_TALKING\_PARTY\_ID

**Direction:** DAC ⇌ DCS

**Short description:** This PDU indicates that speech reception is detected by the access gate and may provide a talking party identification. It applies when speech is transmitted from the SwMI to the DC. Transmission of a talking party address is not guaranteed. The talking party address is transmitted once at maximum and is not repeated until the speech transmission stops.

**Table 60: DAC\_TALKING\_PARTY\_ID**

Information element	Length	comment
Codop	2	
AG_identifier	ID_LENGTH	
Info_speech_RD	1	
address	5	talking party address
Filler	4	
inhibit_address_display	1	Yes or no

#### Information element description:

Info\_speech\_RD indicates the beginning or the end of speech reception or whether a talking party address is provided. :

- When the speech reception starts due to push-to-talk request from a participant party, info\_speech\_RD=BEGIN\_RECEIPT.
- When the speechreception stops due to a push-to-talk release from a participant, info\_speech\_RD=END\_RECEIPT.
- Inbetween, a talking party identification may be available. info\_speech=TPI

The address of the talking party is significant if Info\_speech\_RD = TPI. The address provided is in the RFSI individual addressing plan.

Filler is a reserved field when info = TPI, BEGIN\_RECEIPT or END\_, its value is not significant (and filled with 0x00)..

When the address is provided (info\_speech\_RD = TPI) , inhibit\_address\_display indicates whether the address should be displayed or not to the operator inside the DC. If "No" value is set, this means that it has been requested that the system terminal address is not displayed inside TETRAPOL system.

#### 5.11.4 DAC\_TRANSMIT\_IND

**Direction:** DAC ⇒ DCS

**Short description:** This PDU indicates that speech is transmitted by the access. It applies when speech is transmitted from the DC to the SwMI. It indicates begin and end of transmission. The end of transmission can be due to the anti-talkative feature.

**Table 61: DAC\_TRANSMIT\_IND**

Information element	Length	comment
Codop	2	
AG_identifier	ID_LENGTH	
Info_speech_TI	1	

#### Information element description:

Info\_speech\_TI indicates the beginning or the end of speech transmission.

- When the speech transmission starts, info\_speech\_TI =BEGIN\_TRANSMIT.
- When the speech transmission stops due to a push-to-talk release, info\_speech\_TI=END\_TRANSMIT.
- When the anti-talkative timer times-out, speech transmission ceases with info\_speech\_TI=END\_TOO\_LONG\_TRANSMIT.

## 6. Interpretation and coding of information elements

For each information element, the purpose, length in byte and associated values are provided.

### 6.1 Dimensionning parameters

The following parameters are dimensionning parameters for the interface at R6.I3 and R6.I1 reference points.

MOCH_MAXNB	0x2E
ECH_MAXNB	0x0B
TALKGROUP_MAXNB	10
OG_MAXNB	10
OG2_MAXNB	5
SUBADDRESS_MAXLENGTH	15
CALL_PER_SCAN_MAXNB	6
CAUSE_LENGTH	1
ID_LENGTH	2
Timeout delay for detection of protocol error	20 seconds

T100: time out for keep alive mechanism

T101: up to the DAC implementation

T102: up to the DCS implementation

### 6.2 Coding of information elements

#### 6.2.1 Action

**Purpose:** Describes the action requested by a DCS

**Length:** 1

**Values:**

DEACTIVATE	0x00
ACTIVATE	0x01

#### 6.2.2 Activation\_mode

**Purpose:** This element defines how the communication is activated depending on the type of group communication. It differentiates between an open channel mode, a broadcast mode, a mode for a talkgroup/internal call to a group and a mode for an external call to a group.

For the activation of a multisite open channel, a talkgroup merging service, an emergency open channel or a crisis open channel, MOCH\_ACTIVATION applies. Parties that own a related participation OG could participate upon selecting the communication.



For the activation of a broadcast open channel, BROADCAST\_ACTIVATION applies. Parties that own a related participation OG should participate upon such an activation unless there is some interaction with another communication.

When a talkgroup is activated with only group members participating, INTERNAL\_ACTIVATION applies. When a non-group-member activates a talkgroup while setting up a call to a talkgroup, EXTERNAL\_ACTIVATION applies.

**Length:** 1

**Values:** Same as on the Air Interface, with a combination of the following bitmap masks

MOCH_ACTIVATION	0x00 for multisite open channel
INTERNAL_ACTIVATION	0x01 for internal call to a group by a group member
BROADCAST_ACTIVATION	0x02 for broadcast call
EXTERNAL_ACTIVATION	0x03 for external call to a group by a non-group member
NSIG_ACTIVATION	0xFF when non-significant

### 6.2.3 Address

**Purpose:** An individual address shall identify a potentially forwarded-to terminal, a calling party, a called party, a terminal registration originator, a transferred-to terminal.

**Length:** 5

**Values:**

Format of addresses in TETRAPOL addressing plan:

- always include 9 digits BCD encoded between 0 and 9 with 2 digits per byte
- each digit is coded from 0b0000 to 0b1001
- Most significant quartet of the first byte is non significant
- Corresponds to RFSI address of TETRAPOL addressing plan

0 0 0 0	R1
R2	R3
F	S1
S2	I1
I2	I3

- Non significant address values is 0xFFFFFFFF

### 6.2.4 AG\_identifier

**Purpose:** Address that uniquely identifies an access gate controlled by a DAC

**Length:** ID\_LENGTH

**Values:** Any values statically defined for each implementation of the DAC, as configured in the access gate.

NSIG\_AG\_IDENTIFIER 0xFFFF

### 6.2.5 AG\_state

**Purpose:** Access gate state.

AG_OFF	0x00
AG_NOT_REGISTERED	0x01
AG_SELF_REGISTERED	0x02
AG_REGISTERED	0x03
AG_DISABLED	0x10
AG_IDLE	0x20
AG_AVAILABLE	0x30
AG_BUSY	0x40

### 6.2.6 AG\_type

**Purpose:** radio connection or line connection to SwMI

**Length:** 1

**Values:**

LINE	0x01
RADIO	0x00
UNKNOWN	0xFF

### 6.2.7 AH\_identifier

**Purpose:** Shall uniquely identify a line connected or radio connected "base station" to the dispatch centre.

**Length:** ID\_LENGTH

**Values:** Any values statically defined for each implementation of the DAC,

NSIG_AH_IDENTIFIER	0xFFFF
--------------------	--------

### 6.2.8 AH\_State

**Purpose:** Normal or fallback mode state of the access handler, handling a set of access gates, as provided by the system to the DAC.

**Length:** 1

**Values:**

NORMAL_MODE	0x01
FB_MODE1	0x02
FB_MODE31	0x03

FB_MODE32	0x04
FB_MODE2	0x05
UNKNOWN_MODE	0xFF

#### 6.2.9 AH\_type

**Purpose:** Type of cell, radio connected or line connected

**Length:** 1

**Values:**

RADIO_CONNECTED_AH	0x00
LINE_CONNECTED_AH	0x01

#### 6.2.10 Alias\_string

**Purpose:** Alphanumeric string;

**Length:** variable

**Values:** 8bit ANSI characters.

#### 6.2.11 Behaviour\_on\_incoming\_call

**Purpose:** Defines the expected called behaviour, at the reception of the incoming call.

**Length:** 1

**Values:** Behaviour\_on\_incoming\_call is a bitmap mask. The use of the bits is:

bit 7 to bit 3 :	0 (unused)
bit 2 :	1: NO_DISPLAY_CALLER_ID 0: DISPLAY_CALLER_ID
bit 1 :	1: NO_RING_ON_INCOMING_CALL 0: RING_ON_INCOMING_CALL
bit 0 :	1: AUTOMATIC_INCOMING_CALL_ANSWER 0: MANUAL_INCOMING_CALL_ANSWER

The only combinations of values of bits 0 and 1 accepted by the ST are (MANUAL\_INCOMING\_CALL\_ANSWER, RING\_ON\_INCOMING\_CALL) and (AUTOMATIC\_INCOMING\_CALL\_ANSWER, NO\_RING\_ON\_INCOMING\_CALL).

#### 6.2.12 Boolean

**Purpose:** Boolean information element

**Length:** 1

**Values:**

FALSE, REFUSAL	0x00
TRUE, ACCEPTATION	0x01

### 6.2.13 Boolean\_bitmap

**Purpose:** boolean bitmap information element;

bit 7	bit 6	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0
reserved	reserved	reserved	reserved	reserved	Activation based trunking	PABX call	Dispatch position call

In the bitmap, a 1 indicates that the corresponding information is true, 0 otherwise.

**Length:** 1

### 6.2.14 Call\_attribute

**Purpose:** Attributes of a Call (group communications)

Information element	Length	comment
Call_type	1	
MOCH/COV_identifier	ID_LENGTH	
Participation_OG_identifier	ID_LENGTH	Participation OG
Cell_identifier	ID_LENGTH	

**Length:** 1+ 3\*ID\_LENGTH

### 6.2.15 Call\_priority

**Purpose:** External call priority

**Information elements:** Call\_priority, MOCH\_Call\_priority;

**Length:** 1

**Values:**

NSIG_PRIO	00000000b
ROUTINE_PRIO	00000010b
URGENT_PRIO	00000100b
FLASH_PRIO	00000110b
BROADCAST_PRIO	00001000b
CRISIS_PRIO	00001010b
EMERGENCY_PRIO	00001100b

#### 6.2.16 Call\_reference

**Purpose:** Call reference for transactions between DAC and DCS, valid on R6 interface only, as allocated by an AG or the DAC. The same call\_reference shall be used while an AG is participating to a communication.

**Length:**1

**Values:** any

NSIG\_CALL\_REF                      0x00

#### 6.2.17 Call\_type

**Purpose:** Type of TETRAPOL communication

When provided from the DAC to the DCS, the Call\_type for multisite open channels, talkgroup merging service, broadcast open channels and emergency open channels is MOCHTYPE.

When provided from the DAC to the DCS, the Call\_type for a scanning service, either sequential listening service or priority scanning service, is the Call\_type of the actual scanned communication, either MOCHTYPE or TALKGROUPTYPE.

**Length:** 1

**Values:**

PRIVATE_CALL_TYPE	0x00
PABX_CALL_TYPE	0x01
MOCH_TYPE	0x02
ECH_TYPE	0x03
BROADCAST_TYPE	0x04
DISPATCH_POSITION_CALL_TYPE	0x0F
TALKGROUP_TYPE	0x20
SEQUENTIAL_LISTENING_SCAN_TYPE	0x21
PRIORITY_SCAN_TYPE	0x22
NSIG_CALL_TYPE	0xFF

all other values are reserved.

#### 6.2.18 Call\_type\_bitmap

**Purpose:** Restriction of rights to use a set of services identified with types of TETRAPOL call. (this is used for trunk configuration)

When set, a bit information indicates that the service is allowed . 0 indicates that the service is forbidden.

**Length:** 1

bit 7	bit 6	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0
setup/release	outgoing	incoming	SMS	talkgroup	ECH	MOCH/BROADCAST	private call

### 6.2.19 Cause

**Purpose:** Cause, reset cause.

**Length:** CAUSE\_LENGTH.

**Values:** the values must be set in correspondance with the according cause\_type. This defines error causes internal to TETRAPOL system. The detail of the values is defined in specific TETRAPOL documents. Refer to family cause field to get a family cause.

### 6.2.20 Cause\_type

**Purpose:** type of cause, either internal to the access gate, originated from the network or the DAC itself.

**Length:** 1

**Values:**

PROTOCOL_CAUSE	0x00
AG_CAUSE	0x01
NETWORK_CAUSE	0x02
DAC_CAUSE	0x10

### 6.2.21 Cell\_identifier

**Purpose:** Shall uniquely identify identify a base station handling a single cell or identify a simulcast cell connected to a RSW in a regional network

**Length:** ID\_LENGTH

byte 1	RSW_id (switch id)
byte 2	BS_id (base station id)

**Values:** As provided by the AG as follows

Cell_NSIG	0xFFFF
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### 6.2.22 Codop

**Purpose:** code of operation of messages between DAC and DCS

**Length:** 2

**Values:**

DAC_MSG DCS_MSG	7900 DAC_MSG+0X30
DAC_AG_ACTIVATION_IND	DAC_MSG+0x08
DAC_EMERGENCY_NOTIFICATION	DAC_MSG+0x09
DAC_SIGNALLING_IND	DAC_MSG+0x0A
DAC_STATUS_CONF	DAC_MSG+0x0B
DAC_INCOMING_SETUP	DAC_MSG+0x0D
DAC_ALERTING	DAC_MSG+0x0E
DAC_CONNECT	DAC_MSG+0x0F
DAC_END	DAC_MSG+0x11
reserved	DAC_MSG+0x12
reserved	DAC_MSG+0x13
DAC_DEFAULT_CALL_IND	DAC_MSG+0x14
reserved	DAC_MSG+0x15
DAC_CIPHERING_MODE	DAC_MSG+0x19
DAC_CALL_REFERENCE	DAC_MSG+0x1A
DAC_TALKING_PARTY_ID	DAC_MSG+0x1C
DAC_CONFIGURATION_IND	DAC_MSG+0x1E
DAC_SORTED_LIST_IND	DAC_MSG+0x1F
DAC_AH_ACTIVATION_IND	DAC_MSG+0x1D
DAC_SORTED_LIST_ACK	DAC_MSG+0x20
DAC_PTT_REQUEST_IND	DAC_MSG+0x21
DAC_PTT_RELEASE_IND	DAC_MSG+0x22
DAC_TRANSMIT_IND	DAC_MSG+0x23
DAC_FORWARD_STATE	DAC_MSG+0x24
DAC_STATUS_IND	DAC_MSG+0x25
DAC_CONFIGURATION_ACK	DAC_MSG+0x27
reserved	DAC_MSG+0x28
DAC_CRISIS_NOTIFICATION	DAC_MSG+0x29
DAC_INTERFACE_IND	DAC_MSG+0x30
DCS_OUTGOING_SETUP	DCS_MSG+0x08
DCS_CALL_ANSWER	DCS_MSG+0x09
DCS_WITHDRAWAL	DCS_MSG+0x0A
DCS_MOCH_SETUP	DCS_MSG+0x0B
DCS_MOCH_RELEASE	DCS_MSG+0x0C
DCS_INTRUSION	DCS_MSG+0x0D
DCS_REMOTE_CALL_CLEARING	DCS_MSG+0x0E
DCS_TRANSFER	DCS_MSG+0x0F
DCS_ECH_SETUP	DCS_MSG+0x10
DCS_ECH_RELEASE	DCS_MSG+0x11
DCS_DEFAULT_CALL_ENTER	DCS_MSG+0x12
DCS_DEFAULT_CALL_RESP	DCS_MSG+0x13
DCS_DEFAULT_CALL_WITHDRAWAL	DCS_MSG+0x14
DCS_SET_MANUAL_KEY	DCS_MSG+0x15
DCS_USE_MANUAL_KEY	DCS_MSG+0x16
DCS_MODIFY_DEFAULT_CALL	DCS_MSG+0x17
DCS_SCAN_RESUME	DCS_MSG+0x18
DCS_FALLBACK_MOCH_ENTER	DCS_MSG+0x19
DCS_CONFIGURATION_UPDATE_REQ	DCS_MSG+0x1A
DCS_STATUS_REQ	DCS_MSG+0x1B
DSC_CONFIGURATION_IND	DCS_MSG+0x1D
DCS_SORTED_LIST_IND	DCS_MSG+0x1E
DCS_EMERGENCY_SETUP_ACK	DCS_MSG+0x1F
DCS_REMOTE_PTT_REQ	DCS_MSG+0x20
DCS_PTT_PRIORITY_CHANGE_REQ	DCS_MSG+0x21
DCS_TONE	DCS_MSG+0x22
reserved	DCS_MSG+0x23
reserved	DCS_MSG+0x24
DCS_CONFIGURATION_REQ	DCS_MSG+0x25
DCS_SORTED_LIST_REQ	DCS_MSG+0x26
DCS_FORWARD_REQ	DCS_MSG+0x27
DCS_CONFIG	DCS_MSG+0x28

DCS_INTERFACE_REQ	DCS_MSG+0x30
DCS_AG_RESET	DCS_MSG+0x31

### 6.2.23 Config\_type

**Purpose:** Defines the element of configuration requested by DCS

**Length:** 1

**Values:**

The element of configuration shall be encoded in TV or TLV format. The most significant bit of Config\_type shall differentiate the two formats:

- if MSB Config\_type = 0 the element shall be encoded in TV format and shall use one octet.
- if MSB Config\_type = 1 the element shall be encoded in TLV format and the next octet shall therefore include the length except in case of CONFIG\_TYPE\_NSIGN that is reserved value.

CONFIG_TYPE_MONITORING	0x00
CONFIG_TYPE_INCOMING_CALLS	0x01
CONFIG_TYPE_DATA_BEHAVIOUR	0x02
CONFIG_TYPE_NSIGN	0xFF

### 6.2.24 Country code

**Purpose:** Indicates the country code of the network.

**Length:** 1

**Values:** same values as defined over the Air Interface.

COUNTRY_CODE_NS	0x00
-----------------	------

Other values reserved.

### 6.2.25 COV\_identifier

**Purpose:** Identify a coverage.

A coverage is characterized with a set of radio cells plus line-access base stations.

**Length:** ID\_LENGTH

**Values:** As defined by the network.

NSIG_COV	0xFFFF
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### 6.2.26 DAC\_identifier

**Purpose:** Identifier of DAC object in the configuration,

**Length:** ID\_LENGTH

**Values:** Any

NSIG_DAC_IDENTIFIER	0xFFFF
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### 6.2.27 Data\_behaviour

**Purpose:** Management of the data applications

**Length:** 8 bits (bitmap)

**Values:**

Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
Unsued	Unsued	Unsued	Unsued	Unsued	Unsued	Unsued	Data implicit addressing

Bit 0 is set to 0 if AG is not to be candidate at a data implicit addressing.

### 6.2.28 DC\_Organization

**Purpose:** A DC-organization consists of a set of trunks. The DC-organization serves for administrative purposes in the dispatch center. A consistency must be assumed with organizations defined in TETRAPOL.

**Length:** 1

**Values:**

any values

### 6.2.29 Encryption\_state

**Purpose:** Encryption state of a communication in the network up to the access gate

**Length:** 1

**Values:**

CLEAR_SPEECH	0x00
NETWORK_ENCRYPTION	0x01
MANUAL_ENCRYPTION	0x02

### 6.2.30 family\_cause

**Purpose:** Family\_cause of error. This cause is a regrouping and transcription of internal cause managed by the TETRAPOL system.

**Length:** 1

**Values:**

family_cause	label	Comment
- 00 - - 01 - - 02 - - 03 -	call over forward processed forward canceled transfer accepted	No error. Normal cause of end of a transaction for forward request for forward cancel request for transfer request
- 40 - - 41 - - 42 - - 43 - - 44 - - 45 - - 46 - - 47 - - 48 - - 49 - - 4A - - 4B - - 4C - - 4D - - 4E - - 4F - - 50 - - 51 -  - 52 -  - 53 -  - 54 - - 55 - - 56 -	SwMI error causes network failure network overload remote link failure link failure lost station distant preempted no_answer unknown number not registered forbidden service refused service called terminal busy already forwarded open channel already setup maximum OG exceeded roaming station priority message priority incoming  priority application  notified call  Exceptional problem Temporary problem Bad parameter	Error causes. Request is rejected and/or abandoned  lack of resources in SwMI error detected on called terminal link to SwMI error detected on AG link to SwMI link to LABS is lost distant terminal preempted by an incoming call all terminals reject the call (call later) composed address unknown in addressing plan requesting AG not registered service permanently forbidden conditions for service are not fulfilled  double forwarding request for MOCH, EMOCH, Broadcast call, ECH for broadcast call release because of change of registering station preemption of ongoing service because of data message preemption of ongoing service because of incoming voice communication preemption of ongoing service because of network application failure to setup an individual call to an operator with notification of the operator Improbable combinations of events that causes failure Service temporarily unavailable Incorrect request to SwMI
- 81 - - 82 - - 83 - - 84 - - 85 - - 86 -  - 87 - - 88 - - 89 -	DAC error causes Request not supported invalid sort ID Invalid configuration Protocol error Defectuous AG (AG link off) bad parameter value for DAC Call not supported Access right error Unkown ID	
- A0 - - A1 - - A2 -	AG error causes AG busy bad parameter value for AG forbidden service for AG	AG is busy in an ongoing service

### 6.2.31 Forward\_state

**Purpose:** Forward state of an access gate

**Length:** 1

**Values:**

NOT\_FORWARDED 0

FORWARDED 1

UNKNOWN 0xFF

### 6.2.32 Functional address

**Purpose:** Functional address in TETRAPOL addressing plan

**Length:** 1

**Values:**

Authorised values from 0 to 0x1F

NSIG\_FUNCT\_ADDRESS      0xFF

### 6.2.33 incoming\_calls

**Purpose:** Incoming calls to be accepted by an AG

**Length:** 8 bits (bitmap)

**Values:**

bit 7	bit 6	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0
unused	unused	unused	unused	unused	Unused	unused	private calls

Bits are set to 1 if calls are to be accepted

Bits are set to 0 if calls are not to be accepted

### 6.2.34 Info\_activation

**Purpose:** Information on an activation of a group communication.

At the beginning of an activation of a communication, INFO\_ACTIVATION\_START shall be indicated. At the end of an activation, INFO\_ACTIVATION\_END shall be indicated. Other values refer to failed activations.

**Length:** 1

**Values:**

INFO_ACTIVATION_START	0x00
INFO_ACTIVATION_END	0x01
INFO_CHANNEL_BUSY	0x02
INFO_UNKNOWN_CALL	0x03
INFO_NO_CHANNEL_AVAILABLE	0x04
INFO_TIMEOUT_PENDING_ACTIVATION	0x05

### 6.2.35 Info\_speech\_RD

**Purpose:** Information on speech receive state.

When the speech reception starts, BEGIN\_RECEIPT applies. When the speech reception stops, END\_RECEIPT applies. Inbetween, a talking party identification (TPI) may be available.

**Length:** 1

**Values:**

END_RECEIPT	0
BEGIN_RECEIPT	1
TPI	3

### 6.2.36 Info\_speech\_TI

**Purpose:** Information on speech transmission state.

When the speech transmission starts, BEGIN\_TRANSMIT applies. When the speech transmission stops, END\_TRANSMIT or END\_TOO\_LONG\_TRANSMIT applies. When the anti-gossip timer times-out, speech transmission ceases with END\_TOO\_LONG\_TRANSMIT.

**Length:** 1

**Values:**

END_TRANSMIT	0
BEGIN_TRANSMIT	1
END_TOO_LONG_TRANSMIT	2 -- anti-gossip timeout
DISCREET_TRANSMISSION_END	3
DISCREET_TRANSMISSION_BEGIN	4

### 6.2.37 inhibit\_address display

**Purpose:** Indicates whether the RFSI address of a TETRAPOL system terminal should be displayed to the operators or not

**Length:** 1

**Values:**

ST_ADDRESS_DISPLAYED	0x00
ST_ADDRESS_NOT_DISPLAYED	0x01

### 6.2.38 Interface\_version

**Purpose:** R6-I3 DAC interface version.

**Length:** 1

**Values:**

VERSION1	0x01
VERSION2	0x02
VERSION3	0x03

#### 6.2.39 Intrusion\_type

**Purpose:** type of intrusion on a call.

**Length:** 1

**Values:**

PRIVATE_CALL_INTRUSION	0x0B
------------------------	------

#### 6.2.40 Length

**Purpose:** Octet length or quartet length.

**Length:** 1

**Values:** Context dependent.

#### 6.2.41 Manual\_key\_modifier

**Purpose:** Key modifier for a manual keying.

**Length:** 4

**Values:** Any

#### 6.2.42 Manual\_key\_modifier\_index

**Purpose:** Manual key modifier index.

**Length:** 1

**Values:** significant values between MANUAL\_KEY\_MIN and MANUAL\_KEY\_MAX.

NON_SIGNIFICANT_KEY	0xFF
MANUAL_KEY_MIN	0
MANUAL_KEY_MAX	9

#### 6.2.43 Message\_length

**Purpose:** length of message in ASCII text

**Length:** 2

**Values:** 0 to 1472

#### 6.2.44 Message\_reference

**Purpose:** Reference of a data message

**Length:** 2

**Values:** Any. Same value in request and reply.

#### 6.2.45 Message\_text

**Purpose:** message in ASCII text

**Length:** defined in message length field

**Values:**

A reduced set of characters may be displayed inside TETRAPOL (tbd)

#### 6.2.46 MOCH/COV\_identifier

**Purpose:** MOCH identifier for MOCH or shared coverage identifier for a talkgroup communication.  
A coverage is characterized with a set of radio cells, either single cells or multicast cells, plus line-access base stations.

An multisite open channel or a broadcast open channel or a crisis open channel uses a dedicated coverage, whereas shared coverage may be used by several communications, including talkgroups, simultaneously. Group calls do not require to indicate a significant coverage identifier.

MOCH/COV\_identifier does not apply to an emergency open channel, whose coverage is identified with the cell identifier where the terminal in emergency situation is located. For an emergency open channel, MOCH/COV\_identifier is not significant.

**Length:** ID\_LENGTH

**Values:** As defined by the network management upon defining the coverage

NSIG\_COV                      0xFFFF

#### 6.2.47 Monitoring

**Purpose:** Monitoring indicates flows of datas transmitted to the DCS for system monitoring and call advertising.

**Length:** 1

**Values:**

bit 7	bit 6	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0
reserved	reserved	reserved	reserved	activation	system monitoring	operational signalling	emergency

When a bit is set, the corresponding flow of information is spontaneously transmitted to the DCS.

The flows referenced above correspond to the following PDUs:

Emergency :

DAC\_CRISIS\_NOTIFICATION  
DAC\_EMERGENCY\_NOTIFICATION

Status

System monitoring	DAC_SIGNALLING_IND
Activation	DAC_SORTED_LIST_IND
	DAC_AH_ACTIVATION_IND

#### 6.2.48 Monitoring\_DESIGNATION

**Purpose:** Designation of a radio AG for monitoring

**Length:** 1

**Values:**

FALSE	0x00	AG is not used for monitoring
TRUE	0x01	AG is used for monitoring

#### 6.2.49 Network\_organization

**Purpose:** Organization identifier declared in the TETRAPOL system.

**Length:** 1

**Values:** 0x00h to 0xFEh;

NSIG_NETWORK_ORG	0xFF
------------------	------

#### 6.2.50 Number\_of\_elements

**Purpose:** Number of elements in a list.

**Length:** 2

**Values:** Allowed range of values is context dependent, 0-255 is default range of values.

#### 6.2.51 Object attribute

**Purpose:** This element gives the attributes of an object according to the corresponding object class. This is used in sorted list messages.

**Length:** variable (depending on the object class)

We provide here, each possible object attribute according to the corresponding object class.

##### 6.2.51.1 Talkgroup object attribute (Object\_class=TALKGROUP\_CLASS)

**Short description:** This element, defined by a couple (OG, COV), seen by the AG on the Air Interface, is associated with the state of a call where applicable. It may be used as an element in DAC\_SORTED\_LIST or DCS\_SORTED\_LIST

**Table 62: Talkgroup\_attribute**

Information element	Length	
OG_identifier	2	OG of the talkgroup
MOCH/COV_identifier	ID_LENGTH	Coverage of the talkgroup
reserved	1	

**Information element description:**

OG, COV are the attributes of a talkgroup

**6.2.51.2 Coverage object attribute (Object\_class = COV\_CLASS)**

**Short description:** A COV element provides the attributes of a coverage related to an AH. It may be used as an element in DAC\_SORTED\_LIST or DCS\_SORTED\_LIST.

**Table 63: COV\_attribute**

Information element	Length	
Reserved	1	
COV_identifier	ID_LENGTH	
reserved	1	

**Information element description:**

COV\_identifier identifies the coverage.

**6.2.51.3 Operational group Object attribute (Object\_class = OG\_CLASS)**

**Short description:** This element is a 2-octet operational group. It may be used as an element in DAC\_SORTED\_LIST or DCS\_SORTED\_LIST.

Information element	Length	comment
OG_identifier	ID_LENGTH	

**6.2.51.4 MOCH Object attribute (Object\_class = MOCH\_CLASS)**

**Short description:** This element provides attributes of a MOCH within the coverage of the DC. The attributes include MOCH identifier, priority, OG. It may be used as an element in DAC\_SORTED\_LIST or DCS\_SORTED\_LIST.

**Table 64: MOCH\_attribute**

Information element	Length	
MOCH/COV_identifier	ID_LENGTH	
Call_priority	1	
OG_identifier	2	Establishment OG
reserved	1	
reserved	1	
Number_of_elements	1	Number of OG
OG_identifier	2	
...	...	...
OG_identifier	2	

**Information element description:**

MOCH/COV\_identifier, Call\_priority, establishment OG, Number\_of\_OG, OG\_list are attributes of a MOCH.



The list of OG shall include simple (not composed) OG.

The number of OG in the list shall not exceed OG\_MAXNB for A MOCH, and OG2\_MAXNB for a BOCH or an EMOCH.

Establishment.OG may be set non-significant, i.e. 0XFFFF

#### 6.2.51.5 ECH object attribute (object\_class = ECH\_CLASS)

**Short description:** This element indicates the attributes of an emergency open channels (for a trunk of AG). It provides the identification of the cell where the ECH has been initiated. It may be used as an element in DAC\_SORTED\_LIST or DCS\_SORTED\_LIST

**Table 65: ECH\_attribute**

Information element	Length	
Reserved	1	
Cell_identifier	ID_LENGTH	
reserved	1	

#### 6.2.52 Object\_class

**Purpose:** Class of an object (AG, TRUNK...) of the DAC. Used to give the type of an object in a list such as in SORTED\_LIST and CONFIGURATION messages.

**Length:** 1

**Values:**

NSIG_CLASS	0x01
AG_CLASS	0x02
TRUNK_CLASS	0x03
ORGANIZATION_CLASS	0x04
RESERVED	0x05
CALL_TYPE_CLASS	0x06
OG_CLASS	0x07
RESERVED	0x08
RESERVED	0x09
AH_CLASS	0x0A
PRIVATE_CALL_CLASS	0x0B
MOCH_CLASS	0x0C
ECH_CLASS	0x0D
TALKGROUP_CLASS	0x0E
DAC_CLASS	0x0F

COV\_CLASS

0x10

### 6.2.53 Object\_configuration\_attribute

**Purpose:** This element gives the attributes of configuration for an object according to the corresponding object class. This is used in configuration messages.

**Length:** variable (depending on the object class)

We provide here, each possible configuration object attribute according to the corresponding object class.

#### 6.2.53.1 AG configuration attribute (Object\_class= AG\_CLASS)

**Short description:** The AG attribute element provides configuration parameters that may be read by the DCS .

**Table 66: AG\_configuration attribute**

Information element	Length	comment
AG_type	1	Radio or line connected
AG_identifier	ID_LENGTH	
Forward_state	1	
reserved	1	
AG_state	1	
Working mode	1	
Address	5	RFSI Address of the AG

#### Information element description:

Ag\_type is either LCT\_AG or RT\_AG or NSIG\_AG.

#### 6.2.53.2 Trunk configuration attribute (Object\_class = TRUNK\_CLASS)

**Short description:** The Trunk attribute element provides configuration parameters that may be read by the DCS

**Table 67: Trunk\_configuration attribute**

Information element	Length	comment
Trunk_identifier	ID_LENGTH	
AH_identifier	ID_LENGTH	cell identifier
Call_type_Bitmap	1	Call type restrictions
Partitionning	1	
Alias length	1	
Alias_string	variable	alias for the trunk

#### 6.2.53.3 DC\_organization configuration attribute (Object\_class= ORGANIZATION\_CLASS)

**Short description:** The DC\_organization attribute element provides configuration parameters that may be read by the DCS

**Table 68: DC\_organization\_configuration attribute**

Information element	Length	comment
Organization_identifier	ID_LENGTH	
OG_source	1	
Alias_length	1	
Alias_string	variable	alias of the DC_organization

#### 6.2.53.4 DAC configuration attribute (Object\_class= DAC\_CLASS)

**Short description:** The DAC attribute element provides configuration parameters that may be read by the DCS

**Table 69: DAC\_configuration attribute**

Information element	Length	comment
Dac_identifier	ID_LENGTH	
Alias_length	1	
Alias_string	variable	Alias of the DAC

#### 6.2.53.5 AH configuration attribute (Object\_class = CELL\_CLASS)

**Short description:** The AH attribute element provides configuration parameters that may be read by the DCS

**Table 70: AH\_configuration attribute**

Information element	Length	comment
AH_identifier	ID_LENGTH	
Regional_network_identifier	1	
Cell_identifier	ID_LENGTH	
AH state	1	
Country code	1	
System_id	1	
R of Regional_network_identifier	ID_LENGTH	
reserved	1	
Working_mode	1	monitoring mode
Monitoring	1	
reserved	ID_LENGTH	
Alias_Length	1	
Alias_string	variable	alias of the cell
AH_type	1	Radio or line connected

#### 6.2.54 OG\_identifier

**Purpose:** Operational group identifier.  
ALL\_OG shall be used to refer to all terminals in the system.

**Length:** 2

**Values:** As defined in the external addressing plan for operational groups.

Authorised values are between 0 and 3499. Values ALL\_OG and NSIG\_OG are also authorised.

ALL\_OG                      0x0FFF

NSIG\_OG 0xFFFF

#### 6.2.55 OG\_source

**Purpose:** DC\_organization attribute for operational group downloading from the AG, from the OMC, external source (ie DCS)

**Length:** 8 bits (bitmap)

**Values:**

bit 7	bit 6	bit 5	bit 4	bit 3	bit 2	bit 1	bit 0
reserved	reserved	reserved	reserved	reserved	External source	OMC source	AG_source

#### 6.2.56 Organisation\_identifier

**Purpose:** DC\_organisation identifier,

**Length:** ID\_LENGTH

**Values:** Any

NSIG\_DC\_ORGANISATION\_IDENTIFIER 0xFFFF

#### 6.2.57 PTT\_priority

**Purpose:** new expected PTT priority

**Length:** 1

**Values:**

PTT\_PRIORITY\_MIN 0x00  
PTT\_PRIORITY\_MAX 0x0F  
PTT\_PRIORITY\_NULL 0x00  
PTT\_PRIORITY\_NORMAL 0x01

#### 6.2.58 Reference\_Type

**Purpose:** Type of a call reference

**Length:** 1

**Values:**

CURRENT\_REF 0

NEW\_REF 1

#### 6.2.59 R of Regional network identifier

**Purpose:** identifier of a regional network in the individual addressing plan

**Length:** ID\_LENGTH

**Values:** 000 to 999 BCD coded in the lower quartets as defined in the TETRAPOL addressing plan.

#### 6.2.60 Regional\_network\_identifier

**Purpose:** Compressed Identifier of a regional network used embedded in a cell\_identifier.

**Length:** 1

**Values:** From 0x00 to 0xFF with 0xFF being non significant.

#### 6.2.61 Result

**Purpose:** Result of status emission

**Length:** boolean

**Values:**

STATUS_SENT	TRUE
STATUS_NOT_SENT	FALSE

#### 6.2.62 Partitionning

**Purpose:** Partitionning criterion of the interface

**Length:** 1

**Values:**

NO_PARTITIONNING	0x00
TRUNK	0x01
AG	0x02

#### 6.2.63 Signal\_code

**Purpose:** Signal code.

**Length:** 1

**Values:**

SIGNAL_EMERGENCY	0xC0
SIGNAL_DISPATCHER_CALLBACK	0xC1
SIGNAL_ECH_SETUP_REQ	0xD4
SIGNAL_ECH_SETUP_IND	0xD5
SIGNAL_CRISIS_CALL_SETUP_REQ	0xD6

SIGNAL_CRISIS_CALL_SETUP_IND	0xD7
SIGNAL_DISPATCHER_EMERGENCY_CALL	0xD8
SIGNAL_DISPATCHER_CALL_FAILURE_IND	0xD9

Other values reserved.

#### 6.2.64 Signal\_info

**Purpose:** Signal information;

**Length:** 1

**Value:** Consistent values of this information element depend on the value of the information element Signal\_code:

For the following values of Signal\_code:

SIGNAL\_EMERGENCY,  
SIGNAL\_DISPATCHER\_CALLBACK,

Signal\_info is set to :

SIGNAL\_INFO\_NSIG                      0x00

For the following values of Signal\_code:

SIGNAL\_ECH\_SETUP\_REQ  
SIGNAL\_ECH\_SETUP\_IND  
SIGNAL\_CRISIS\_CALL\_SETUP\_REQ  
SIGNAL\_CRISIS\_CALL\_SETUP\_IND  
SIGNAL\_DISPATCHER\_EMERGENCY\_CALL  
SIGNAL\_DISPATCHER\_CALL\_FAILURE\_IND

Signal\_info equals the network\_organization of the status sender.

#### 6.2.65 SMS\_application

**Purpose:** identification of SMS application

**Length:** 1

**Values:**

SMS\_applications consistent with those defined inside TETRAPOL

Authorized values from 0 to 15.

SMS\_APPLICATION\_NSIG                      0xFF

#### 6.2.66 SMS\_encryption

**Purpose:** Encryption mode of SMS

**Length:** 1

**Values:**

SMS\_OPTIONAL\_ENCRYPTION                      0x00

SMS\_MANDATORY\_ENCRYPTION                      0x01

#### 6.2.67 Sort\_identifier

**Purpose:** Sort identifier in a list of OG, MOCH, talkgroups, ECH

**Length:** ID\_LENGTH

**Values:**

NSIG_IDENTIFIER	0xFFFF
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#### 6.2.68 Sort\_class,

**Purpose:** Type of sort in a list of OG, MOCH, talkgroups, ECH

**Length:** 1

**Values:** The values are the same as the ones of Object\_class (see Object\_class)

#### 6.2.69 Status\_code

**Purpose:** Status\_code.

**Length:** 1

**Values:** The values and their meaning are defined by the application

Status code values are between 0 and 0xBF

Other values reserved.

#### 6.2.70 Status\_info

**Purpose:** Status information;

**Length:** 1

**Value:** Status codes as defined by the application.

#### 6.2.71 Status\_type

**Purpose:** Status type

**Length:** 1

**Values:**

TERMINAL_STATUS_TYPE	0x00
DISPATCHER_STATUS_TYPE	0x01

#### 6.2.72 Subaddress

**Purpose:** subaddress for a PABX call.

**Length:** SUBADDRESS\_MAXLENGTH (length in quartets).

**Values:** as defined in the addressing plan. A subaddress is BCD encoded. If there is an odd number of digits, the LSB quartet of the last byte is non significant.

### 6.2.73 Target\_ST\_mode

**Purpose:** Defines other informations about the state of the target ST, during a forced transmission on voice circuit.

**Length:** 1

**Values:** Target\_ST\_mode is a bitmap mask. The use of the bits is :

bit 7 to bit 1 :	0 (reserved)
bit 0 :	1: TARGET_ST_KEYBOARD_NOT_LOCKED
	0: TARGET_ST_KEYBOARD_LOCKED

### 6.2.74 TI state

**Purpose:** Speech transmit indication state.

**Length:** 1

**Values:**

TI_DEACT	0x00
TI_ACT	0x01

### 6.2.75 Tone\_type

**Purpose:** Type of tone

**Length:** 1

**Values:**

RING_TONE	0x00
EMERGENCY_RING_TONE	0x01
PROCEEDING_TONE	0x02
BUSY_TONE	0x03
END_TONE	0x0A

### 6.2.76 Transmission\_duration

**Purpose:** indicates the duration during which the target ST of a DCS\_REMOTE\_PTT\_REQUEST PDU is expected to transmit on voice circuit.

**Length:** 1

**Values:**

NSIG_TRANSMISSION_DURATION	0X00
4_SECOND_TRANSMISSION_DURATION	0x01
8_SECOND_TRANSMISSION_DURATION	0x02
12_SECOND_TRANSMISSION_DURATION	0x03
16_SECOND_TRANSMISSION_DURATION	0x04
20_SECOND_TRANSMISSION_DURATION	0x05
24_SECOND_TRANSMISSION_DURATION	0x06



28\_SECOND\_TRANSMISSION\_DURATION 0x07

#### 6.2.77 Trunk\_identifier

**Purpose:** Trunk of access gate identifier,

**Length:** ID\_LENGTH

**Values:** Any

NSIG\_TRUNK\_IDENTIFIER 0xFFFF

#### 6.2.78 Working\_mode

**Purpose:** Working mode of the access gate in order to receive information broadcast from the SwMI

The AG working mode is made either by the DCS per AG or by the DAC on behalf of the DCS, if the DAC working mode attribute is configured so.

**Length:** 1

**Values:**

TRAFFIC+MONITORING	0x03
TRAFFIC_ONLY	0x00
MONITORING_ONLY (AG does not supports calls),	0x02
DAC_SELECTED_MONITORING	0x10
DCS_SELECTED_MONITORING	0x20
ALL_AG_MONITORING	0x30

## 7. History

Document history		
Date	Status	Comment
20/08/1996	Version 0.0.1	Split from early version of PAS Part 5-2 for digital dispatch centres
30/09/1996	Version 0.1.0	Version not released
25/04/1997	Version 0.1.1	Features for both digital and analog dispatch centres and Part 5.5 split from Part 5.4
30/05/1997	Version 1.0.2	§5.2.50 Status info: restricted to 1-bytestatus codes; short datagram on a different flow
26/06/97	Version 1.0.2	TETRAPOL Forum approved
16/07/97	Version 1.0.3	DAC_STATUS_IND: status_data simplified, status_type moved out of standardized features
09/12/97	Vesion 1.0.4	<p>* Further explanations about the usage of several fields in some messages</p> <p>* Editorial aspects: §4.1 coding rule, §4.2.1.5 Filler, §4.2.2.5 ActivationOG §5.2.20 DAC_AG_ACTIVATION_IND, §5.2.26 MISSION_CLASS, §5.2.6 Unknown §4.5.2.3.2 Call_type_bitmap, §4.5.2.3.7 AhState, §4.5.2.3.7 AhState, §5.2.18 Cellidentifer</p> <p>* Modifications:</p> <p>§5.1 CAUSE_LENGTH=1</p> <p>* New items</p>
18/02/98	Version 1.0.5	Field comments taken into account
15/04/98	Version 1.0.6	<p>New items removed; backward+forward compatibility aspects added</p> <p>PICS modified</p>
27/04/98	version 1.0.7	simplification of notations
5/6/98	version 1.0.8	Evolution after meeting
30/06/98	version 1.1.0	<p>Approuval after meeting</p> <p>new messages added: DAC_PTT_REQUEST_IND DAC_PTT_RELEASE_IND</p>
26/08/98	version 1.1.1	editorial aspect: coding rule 5.2.15, 5.2.7

11/02/99	version 1.1.2	removal of PDUs DCS_CONFIGURATION_SUBMIT, DCS_CONFIGURATION_COMMIT, DAC_CONFIGURATION_COMMIT_ACK DCS_CONFIGURATION_IND  flow of status split between PDU DAC_STATUS_IND and DAC_SIGNALLING_IND (new message)
24/08/98	version 1.2.0	version 2 of the interface: new messages added:
28/09/98	version 1.2.1	approval after meeting
	version 1.2.2	
06/01/99	version 1.3.0	new messages for data flow  new message CONFIGURATION_UPDATE
24/03/99	version 1.3.1	evolution after meeting
06/08/99	Version 1.3.2	Minor changes (call_type, codop fields)
04/02/2000	Version 1.3.3	No MOCH setup in clear mode  Reservation of radio AG  inhibition of TPI display  Transfer of RFSI address of the AG  SMS reference for emission  Sub address for outgoing private call  Keep alive mechanism + minor changes
17/04/2000	Version 2.0.0	TETRAPOL Working Group Approval.